



**RIPE NCC**  
RIPE NETWORK COORDINATION CENTRE

# Large Scale Internet Measurement Infrastructures

**Challenges and Opportunities**



# Key Internet Statistics

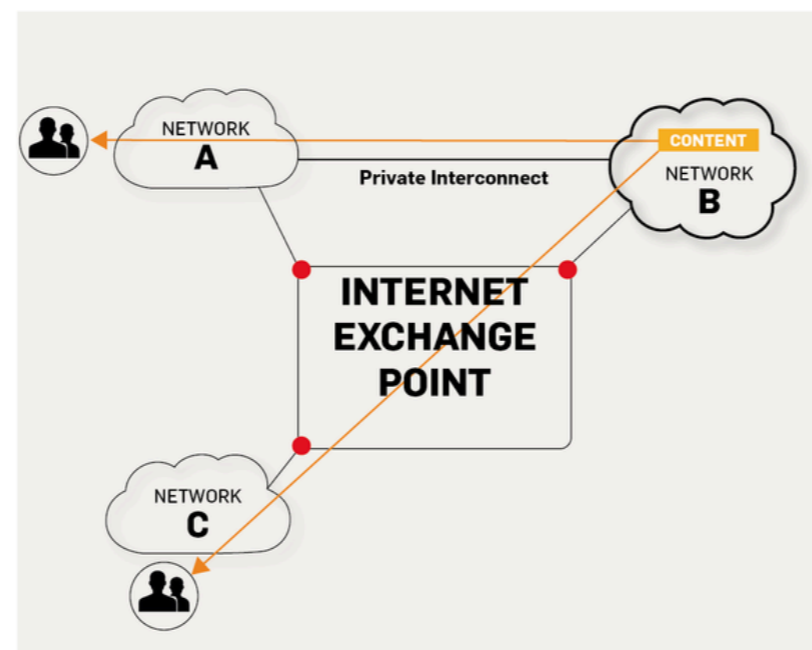
- Size: 510,072,000 km<sup>2</sup>
- Population: 4,208,571,287 (55.2% of world)
- Addresses:
  - IPv4: 4,294,967,296 (many unusable)
  - IPv6: 340,282,366,920,938,463,463,374,607,431,768,211,456
- Subunits:
  - Networks (ASNs): 62,408
  - IPv4 prefixes: 692k - 752k
  - IPv6 prefixes: 56k - 62k





# How is it all Interconnected?

- Large vs small networks
  - AS4143 (106,187,232 IPv4 addresses)
  - 15,099 networks announcing a /24 (256 IPv4 addresses)
- Types of networks (user, content, transit, ...)
- Means of interconnect: direct or IXP



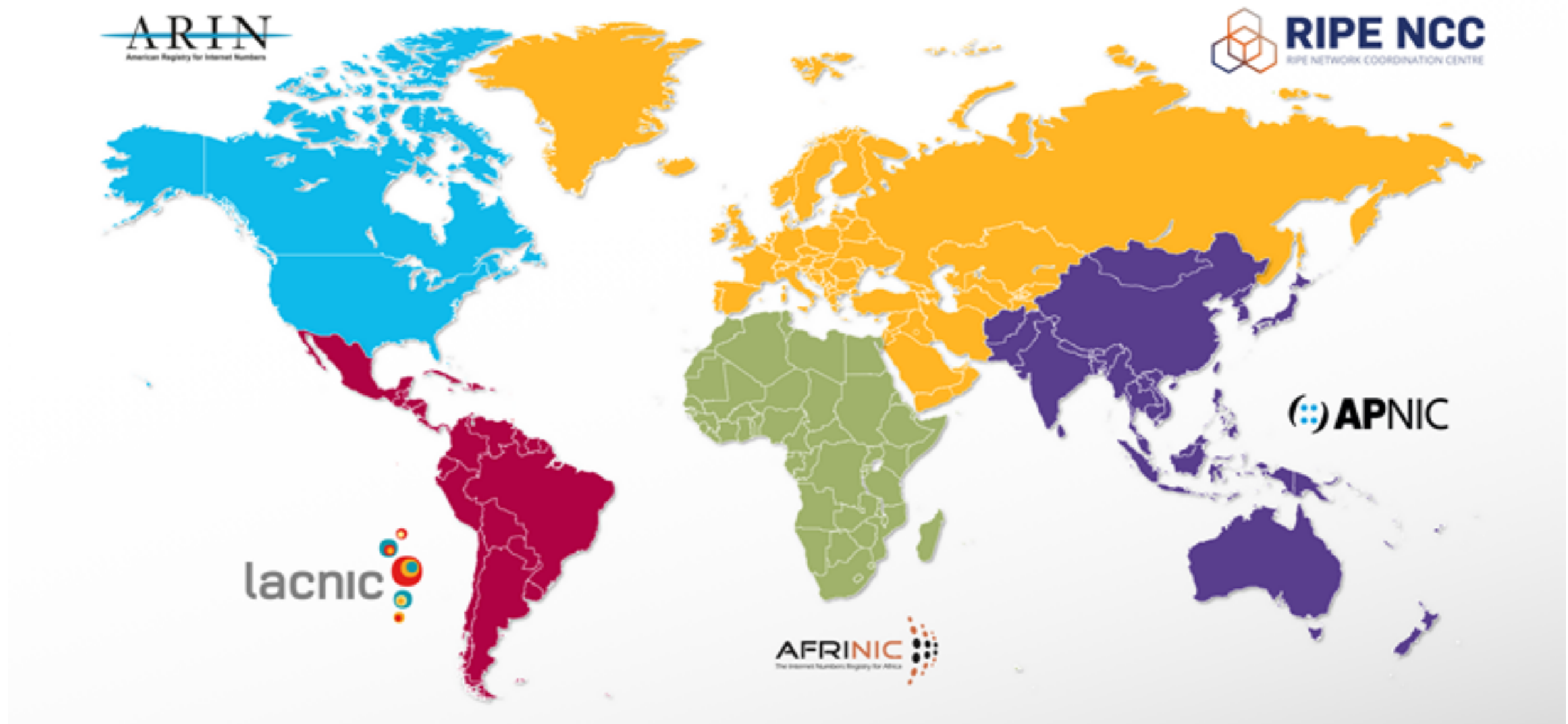
# Why do we Measure?



- "That which is measured improves. That which is measured and reported improves exponentially." -- Karl Pearson



# What is RIPE NCC?





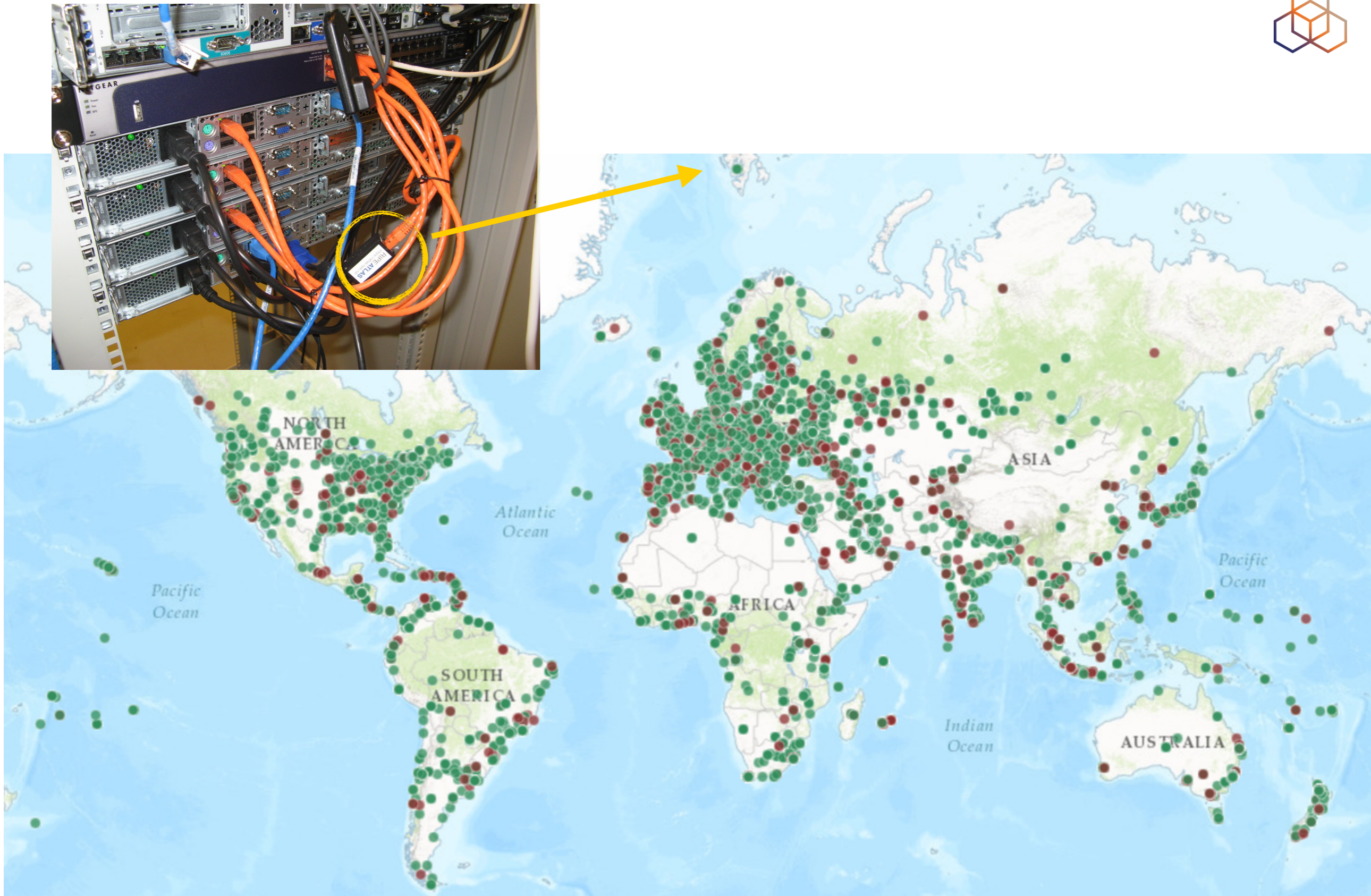
# **RIPE Atlas**





Leaflet | Tiles © Esri — Esri, DeLorme, NAVTEQ, TomTom, Intermap, iPC, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), and the GIS User Community





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# RIPE Atlas



RIPE Atlas - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/RIPE\_Atlas

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Article **Talk** Read Edit source Edit More Search


## RIPE Atlas

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

**RIPE Atlas** is a global, open, distributed Internet measurement platform, consisting of thousands of measurement devices that measure Internet connectivity in real time.

**Contents** [hide]

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# What is RIPE Atlas?



- Goal: Improve Internet through measurements
- Probes hosted by volunteers
  - “For the community, by the community”
- Data publicly available

<https://atlas.ripe.net/>

# RIPE Atlas Probes



- Regular probes (version 1,2,3)
  - Small form factor boxes
- RIPE Atlas anchors
  - 1U servers (Soekris)
- New: Virtual Anchors





# Most Popular Features

- Six types of measurements: ping, traceroute, DNS, SSL/TLS, NTP and HTTP (to anchors)
- APIs and CLI tools to start measurements and get results
- Built-in Measurements
  - DNS Root servers
  - Probes to Anchors
- User-Defined Measurements
  - Probe owners can schedule, not only on their own probes!





**RIPE RIS**

# Internet “Air Traffic Control”



- BGP makes Interdomain routing work
- Border routers: Routers that receive explicit routing information for all of the Internet
- How do we monitor this “air traffic control”?
- Listen in on this “chatter” at interesting places in the Internet?

# Routing Data (RIS)



- 20 BGP collectors
- 600+ peers (150+ “full-feed”)
- Most at IXPs



# Example RRC06



## RRC06 -- DIX-IE, Tokyo, Japan -- Peer List

| Status | ASN                     | Description   | Address                 | IPv4 prefixes | IPv6 prefixes |
|--------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Up     | <a href="#">AS42</a>    | WOODYNET-1 - WoodyNet   | 202.249.2.183           | 69            | 0             |
| Up     | <a href="#">AS2497</a>  | IJ Internet Initiative Japan Inc.   | 2001:200:0:fe00::9c1:0  | 0             | 56653         |
| Up     | <a href="#">AS2497</a>  | IJ Internet Initiative Japan Inc.   | 202.249.2.169           | 721553        | 0             |
| Up     | <a href="#">AS3856</a>  | PCH-AS - Packet Clearing House  | 202.249.2.184           | 1             | 0             |
| Up     | <a href="#">AS4777</a>  | APNIC-NSPIX2-AS Asia Pacific Network Information Centre                     | 2001:200:0:fe00::12a9:0 | 0             | 56717         |
| Up     | <a href="#">AS4777</a>  | APNIC-NSPIX2-AS Asia Pacific Network Information Centre                     | 202.249.2.20            | 726451        | 0             |
| Up     | <a href="#">AS25152</a> | K-ROOT-SERVER - Reseaux IP Europeens Network Coordination Centre (RIPE NCC) | 2001:200:0:fe00::6249:0 | 0             | 59300         |
| Up     | <a href="#">AS25152</a> | K-ROOT-SERVER - Reseaux IP Europeens Network Coordination Centre (RIPE NCC) | 202.249.2.185           | 735164        | 0             |

IPv4 full tables: 3  
IPv6 full tables: 3  
Total peerings: 8  
Data source time: 2018-11-14T08:00:00

<http://www.ris.ripe.net/peerlist/rrc06.shtml>



# Challenges and Opportunities





# **RIPE Atlas Bias**

Collaborator: Petros Gigis, George Michaelson

# Challenge: How biased is RIPE Atlas



- Opportunistic distribution of Internet vantage points
- Intuitively biased towards: netops, techie, Europe
- Can we measure this bias?
  - Identify redundancies - i.e. multiple probes with very similar view of the Internet
  - Identify where probes are missing

# Challenge: RIPE Atlas Bias



## Coverage

IPv4 ASNs covered  
3555 (5.676%)

IPv6 ASNs covered  
1439 (8.944%)

Number of countries covered  
180 (91.837%)

| ASN (v4) | Probes | ASN (v6) | Probes | Prefix (v4)    | Probes | Prefix (v6)    | Probes | Country                  | Probes |
|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------------|--------|----------------|--------|--------------------------|--------|
| 3320     | 341    | 6939     | 250    | 73.0.0.0/8     | 130    | 2001:470::/32  | 249    | Germany                  | 1411   |
| 7922     | 341    | 3320     | 247    | 79.192.0.0/10  | 61     | 2003::/19      | 247    | United States of America | 1131   |
| 6830     | 317    | 7922     | 194    | 87.128.0.0/10  | 52     | 2601::/20      | 174    | France                   | 857    |
| 3215     | 223    | 3215     | 138    | 84.128.0.0/10  | 50     | 2a01:e00::/26  | 100    | United Kingdom           | 597    |
| 12322    | 210    | 12322    | 116    | 78.192.0.0/11  | 46     | 2002::/16      | 45     | Netherlands              | 535    |
| 3265     | 103    | 3265     | 96     | 93.192.0.0/10  | 45     | 2a02:908::/33  | 38     | Russia                   | 463    |
| 701      | 94     | 6830     | 73     | 91.0.0.0/10    | 44     | 2001:980::/29  | 36     | Italy                    | 288    |
| 31334    | 87     | 8881     | 57     | 83.160.0.0/14  | 36     | 2001:8b0::/32  | 35     | Switzerland              | 273    |
| 33915    | 81     | 31334    | 51     | 88.176.0.0/12  | 35     | 2001:980::/32  | 34     | Czechia                  | 259    |
| 5089     | 78     | 20712    | 37     | 109.190.0.0/16 | 34     | 2a02:a000::/26 | 34     | Canada                   | 222    |

<https://atlas.ripe.net/results/maps/network-coverage/>

# Opportunity: Probes vs Eyeballs



[http://sg-pub.ripe.net/petros/population\\_coverage/country.html?name=JP](http://sg-pub.ripe.net/petros/population_coverage/country.html?name=JP)



Select Date: 18/11/2018  Showing data for 18/11/2018

Details for : South Korea ( KR ) | [View South Korea on RIPEstat](#)



Total Internet Users: 43274132  
Internet Users in networks with RIPE Atlas probes: 25251463  
Internet users coverage is estimated using percentage of IPv4 Public probes.

IPv4 Public Probes >= 3  3 > IPv4 Public Probes > 1

Search:

| Network (ASN) | Network Name     | Estimated User Population % | IPv4 Public Probes | IPv4 Private Probes | IPv4 Total Probes | IPv6 Public Probes | IPv6 Private Probes | IPv6 Total Probes | More                              |
|---------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4766          | KIXS-AS-KR       | 41.19                       | 2                  | 1                   | 3                 | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | <a href="#">View</a>              |
| 9318          | SKB-AS           | 17.09                       | 2                  | 0                   | 2                 | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | <a href="#">View</a>              |
| 9644          | SKTELECOM-NET-AS | 10.73                       | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | <a href="#">Apply for a probe</a> |
| 17858         | POWERVIS-AS-KR   | 10.57                       | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | <a href="#">Apply for a probe</a> |
| 17853         | LGTELECOM-AS-KR  | 6.18                        | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | <a href="#">Apply for a probe</a> |
| 3786          | LGDACOM          | 3.89                        | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | 0                  | 0                   | 0                 | <a href="#">Apply for a probe</a> |

[http://sg-pub.ripe.net/petros/population\\_coverage/country.html?name=KR](http://sg-pub.ripe.net/petros/population_coverage/country.html?name=KR)





# **RIPE Atlas Vantage Point Selection**

Collaborators: Thomas Holtenbach, Cristel Pelsser, Randy Bush, Laurent Vanbever

# Challenge: Where to Measure From?

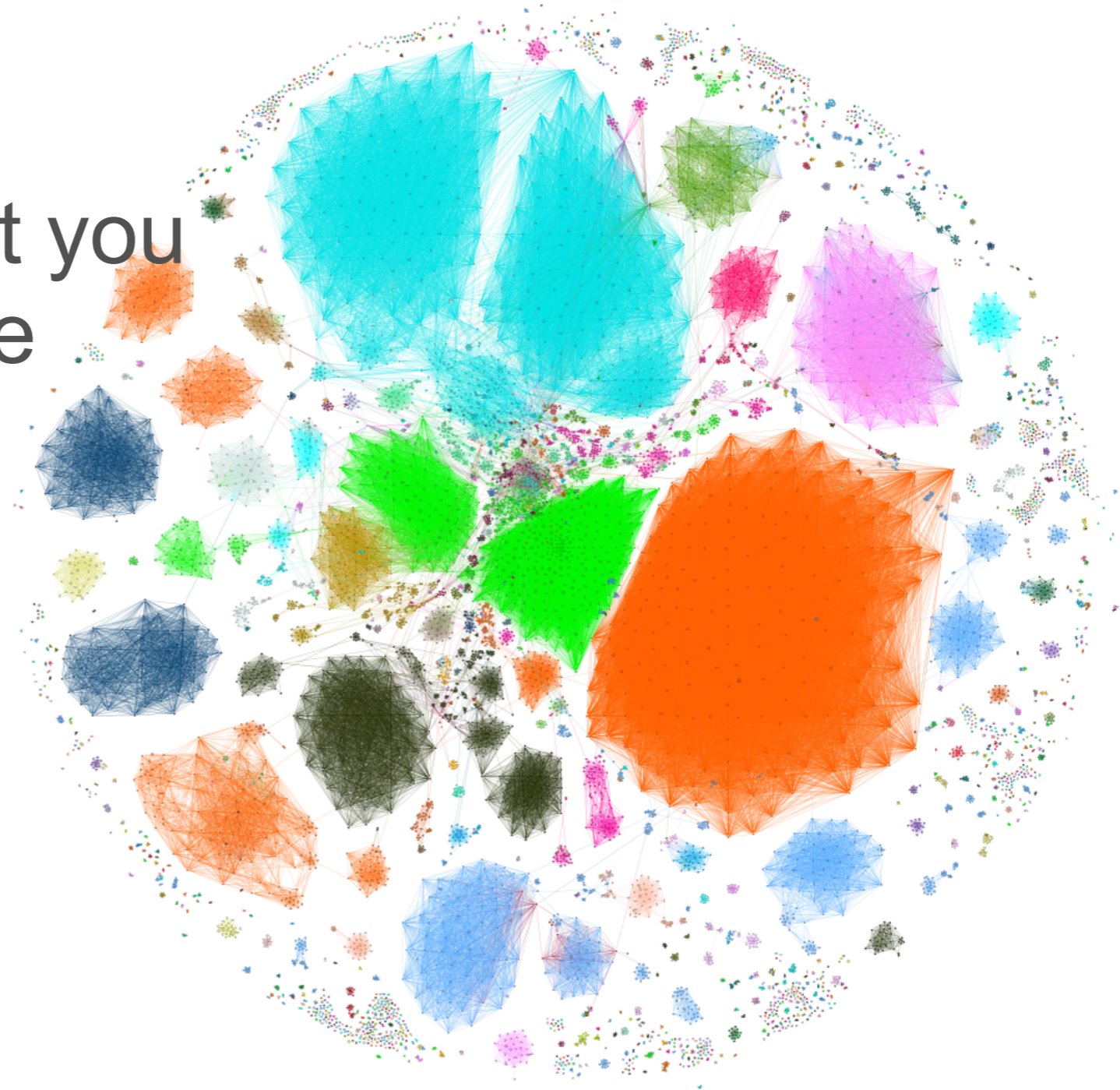


- 10k RIPE Atlas probes
- Select by: Country, ASN
- 10 probes from Uruguay vs. 10 probes from Ukraine?
- Other ways to find diversity/uniformity in measurement sources?



# Probe Similarity

- How (dis)similar are RIPE Atlas vantage points?
- Goal: Optimise what you discover with as little vantage points as possible
- Means: Pairwise similarity metric

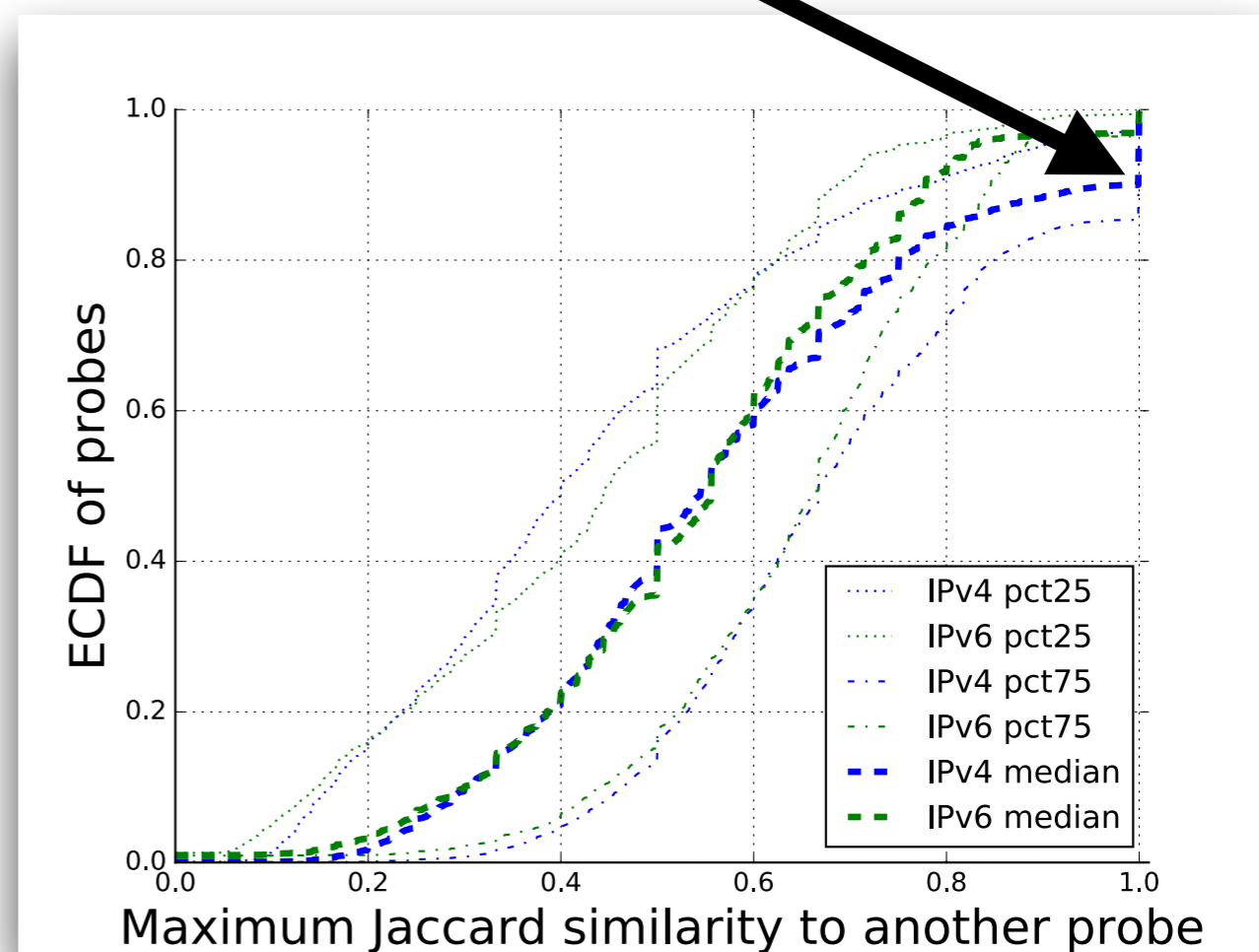


# Probe Similarity



10% of probes have  
“identical IPv4 twin(s)”

- 25% more IPs seen when picking dissimilar probes vs default
- Other similarities:
  - DNS similarity
  - RTT
  - Outages (physical infrastructure/electricity)











# **RIPE Atlas Bulk Data Analysis**

Collaborator: Petros Gigis



# Bulk Data Downloads



|  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
|  <a href="#">traceroute-2018-11-25T0000.bz2</a>   | 26-Nov-2018 05:55 628M |
|  <a href="#">traceroute-2018-11-25T0100.bz2</a>   | 26-Nov-2018 05:53 626M |
|  <a href="#">traceroute-2018-11-25T0200.bz2</a>  | 26-Nov-2018 05:53 629M |
|  <a href="#">traceroute-2018-11-25T0300.bz2</a> | 26-Nov-2018 05:53 626M |
|  <a href="#">traceroute-2018-11-25T0400.bz2</a> | 26-Nov-2018 05:53 631M |
|  <a href="#">traceroute-2018-11-25T0500.bz2</a> | 26-Nov-2018 05:53 628M |

[https://labs.ripe.net/Members/petros\\_gigis/announcing-daily-ripe-atlas-data-archives](https://labs.ripe.net/Members/petros_gigis/announcing-daily-ripe-atlas-data-archives)

<https://data-store.ripe.net/datasets/atlas-daily-dumps>

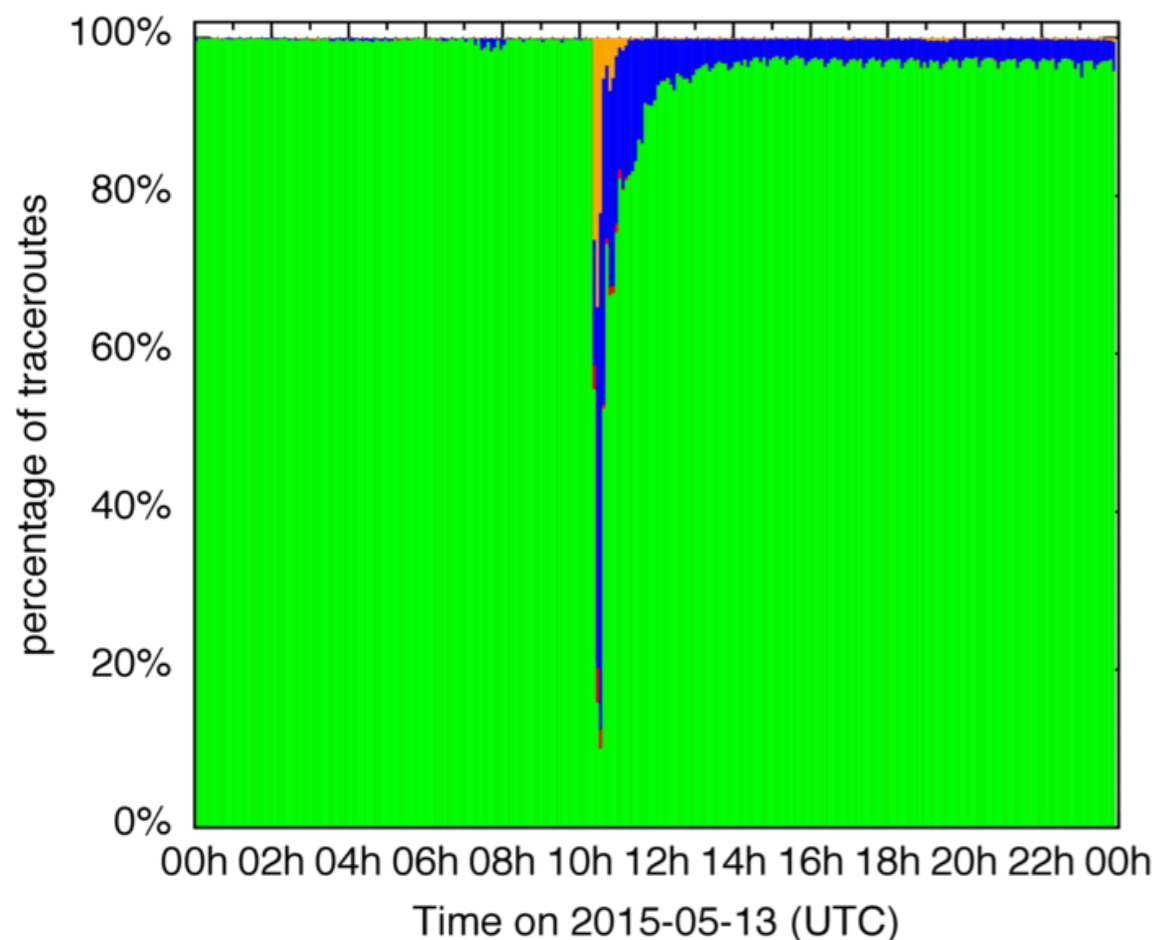
# Challenge: Big Data Analysis



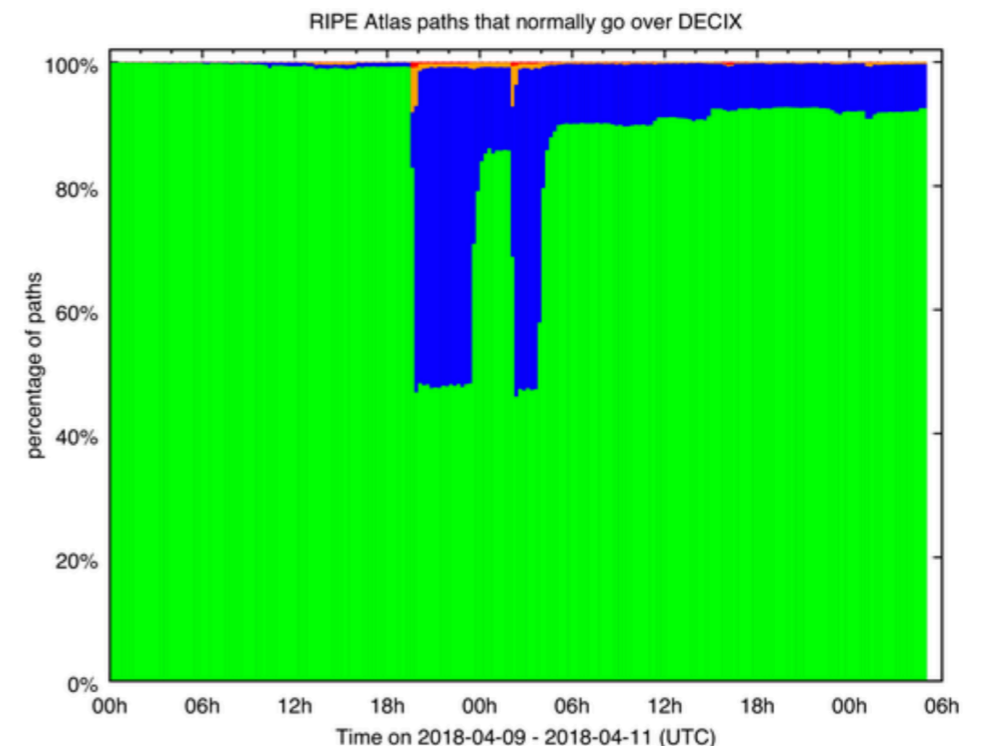
- Using all of RIPE Atlas traceroutes
- What's the bias?

## Large IXP Outages

Connectivity between reliable source-destination pairs as seen in RIPE Atlas traceroutes



FAILED/AMS-IX not seen  
OK/AMS-IX not seen  
FAILED/AMS-IX seen  
OK/AMS-IX seen



<https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/does-the-internet-route-around-damage>

<https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/does-the-internet-route-around-damage-in-2018>

# Countering Bias



| Infrastructure | Date       | Sources<br>(RIPE Atlas probes) | Destinations<br>(IP addresses) | Source-Destination pairs<br>(Internet paths) |
|----------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| AMS-IX         | 2015-05-12 | 3,289                          | 753                            | 14,431                                       |

- Useful step up from many other analysis already
  - but not enough!
- Challenge: per AS / per eyeballs / per IXP member share / Other?





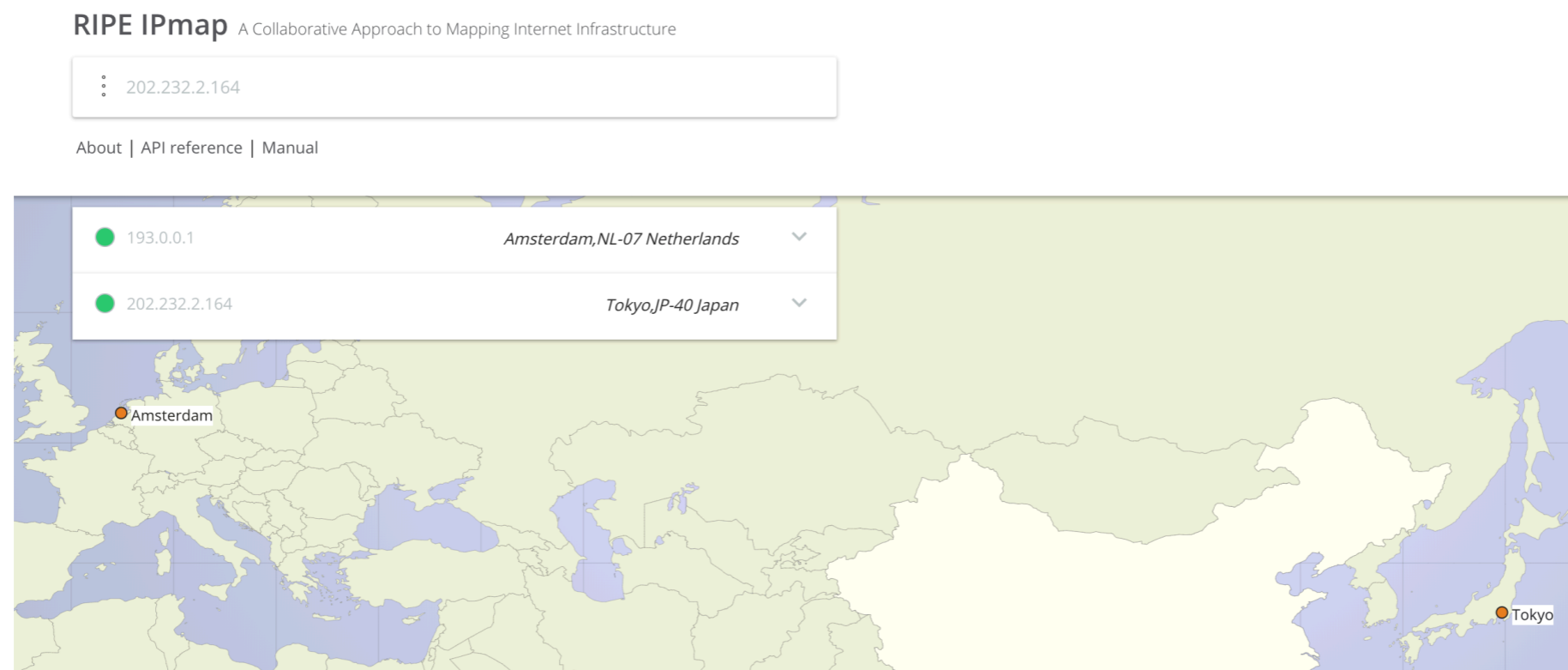
# **RIPE Atlas: Traceroute IP Geolocation**

In collaboration with CAIDA



# Challenge: IP Geolocation

- Often thought of as a “solved problem”
- Edge geolocation is generally “ok”
- Infrastructure (routers, servers) IP geolocation much worse than edge





# Opportunity: IPmap

- IPmap: collaborative approach to IP geolocation: <https://ipmap.ripe.net/>
- Multiple 'engines', e.g.
  - Crowdsourcing
  - RTT triangulation with RIPE Atlas
  - Anycast
- Open challenge: How to best combine multiple engine results?



# **RIPE Atlas: Interconnect with a Region**

Collaborators: Petros Gigis, Daniele Arena, George Michaelson

# Opportunity: Characterise Interconnect



- Does Internet traffic stay local?
  - default: local = within country borders
  - other: sets of countries, cities, custom sets of probes
- Do IXPs help?
- IXP-country-jedi is a measurement method and set of visualisations that provide insight

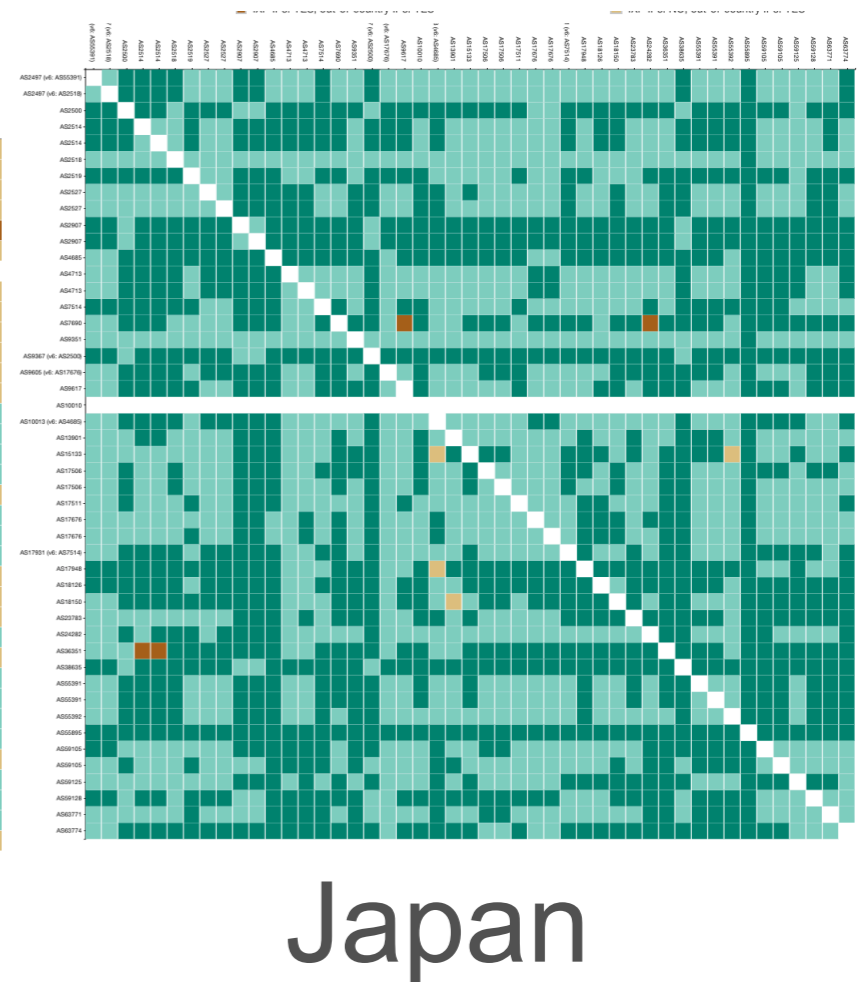
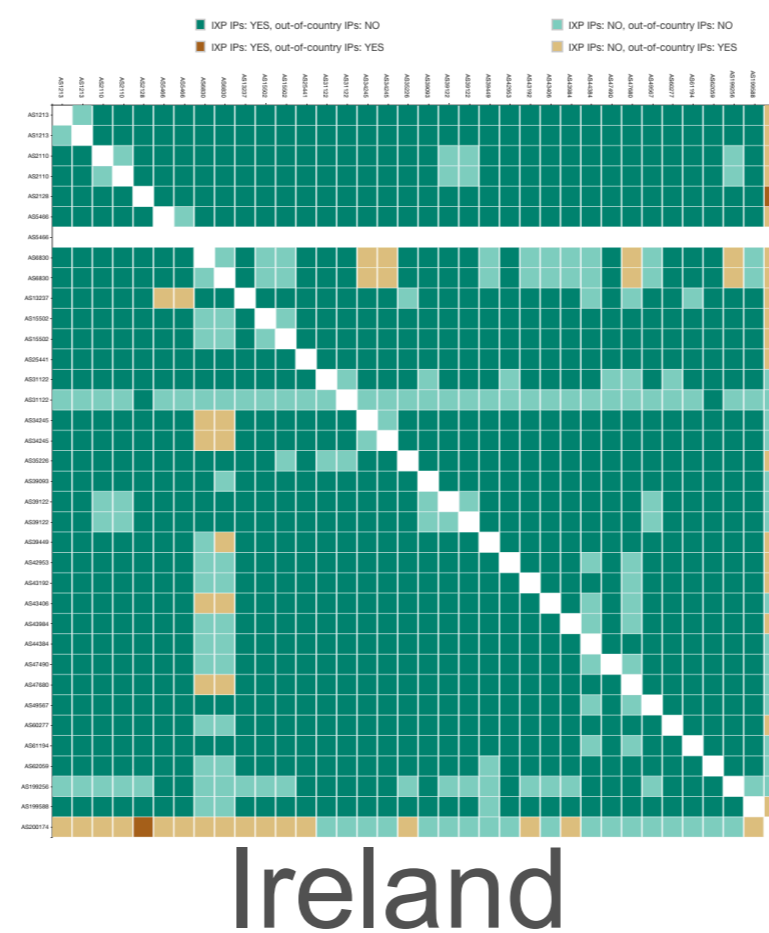
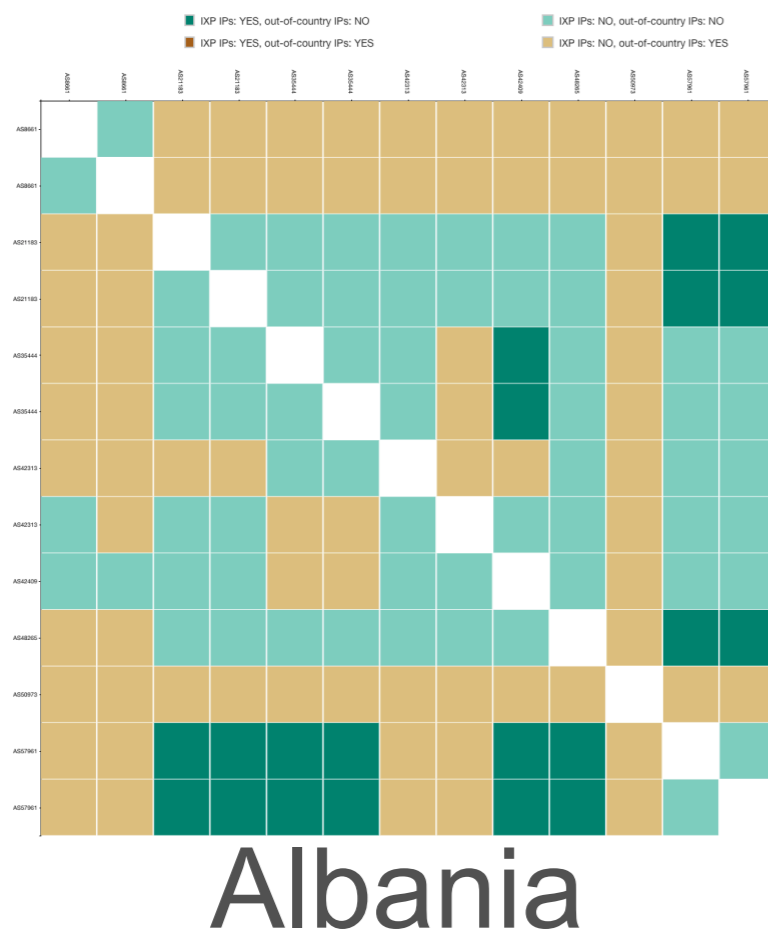
<https://www.ripe.net/ixp-country-jedi>



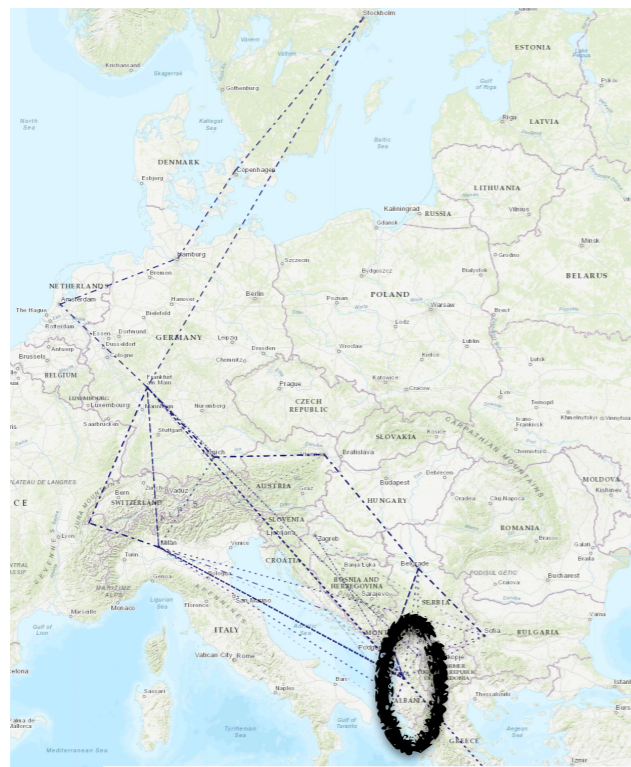
# Opportunity: ixp-country-jedi



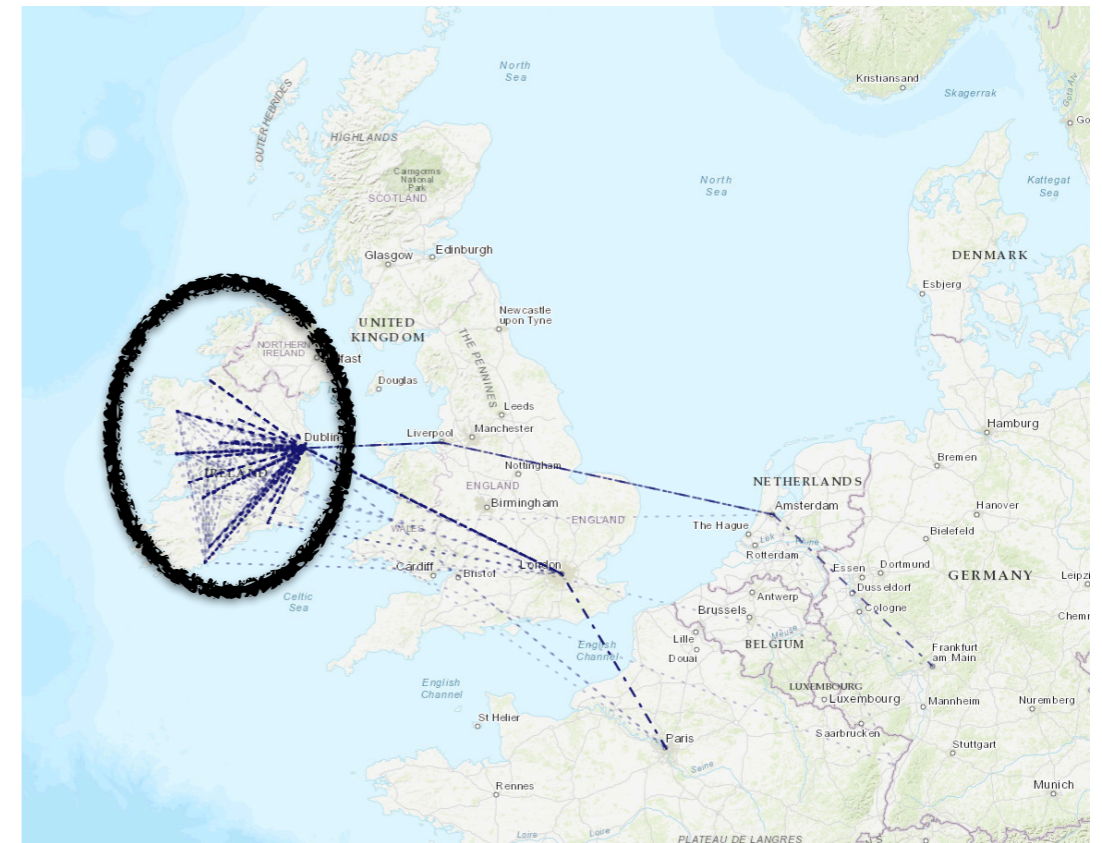
- Mesh of traceroutes within a country
- Example viz: IXP-country matrix
  - green: stays in country



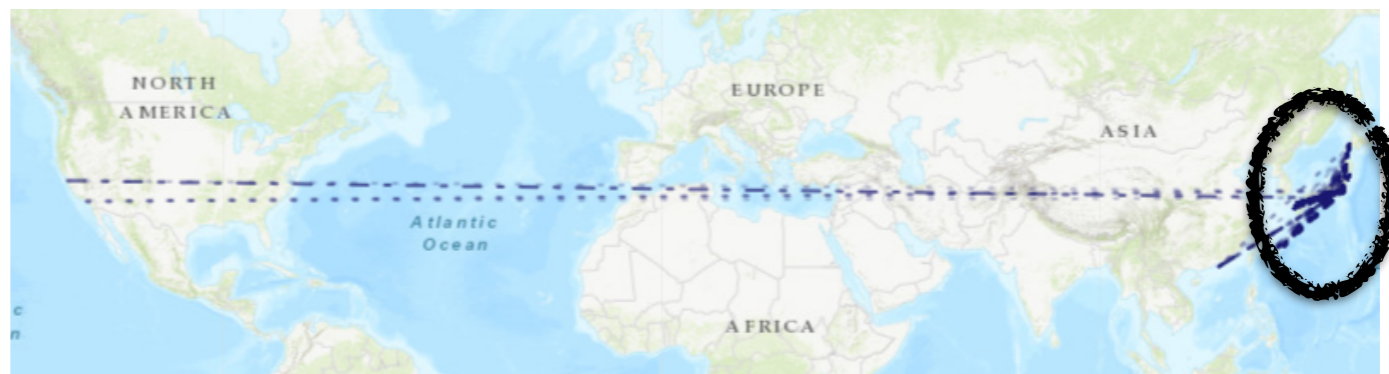
# IXP-country-jedi: Geo Viz



Albania



Ireland

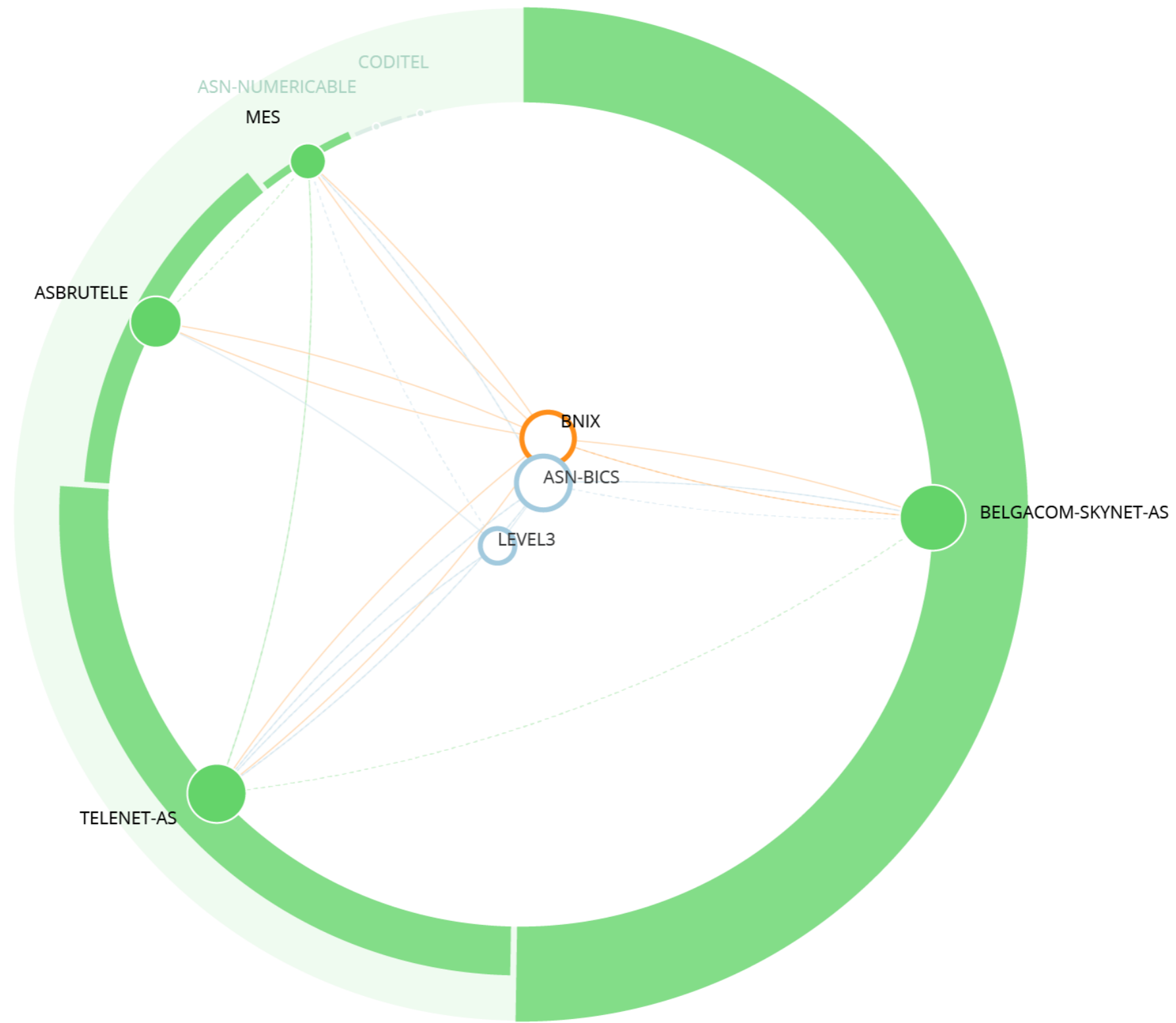


Japan





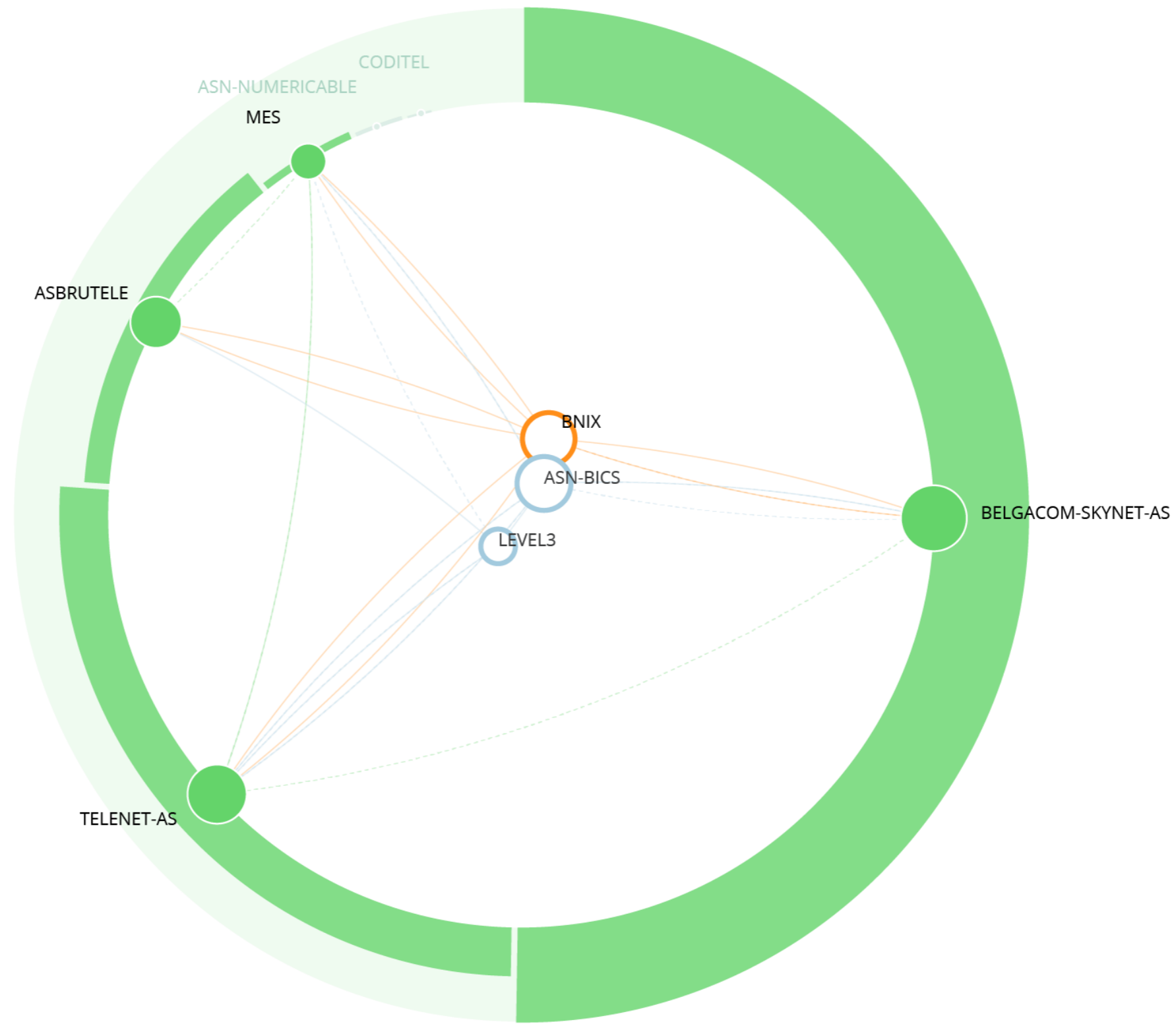
# How Are End Users Interconnected?



# How Are End Users Interconnected?



Belgium

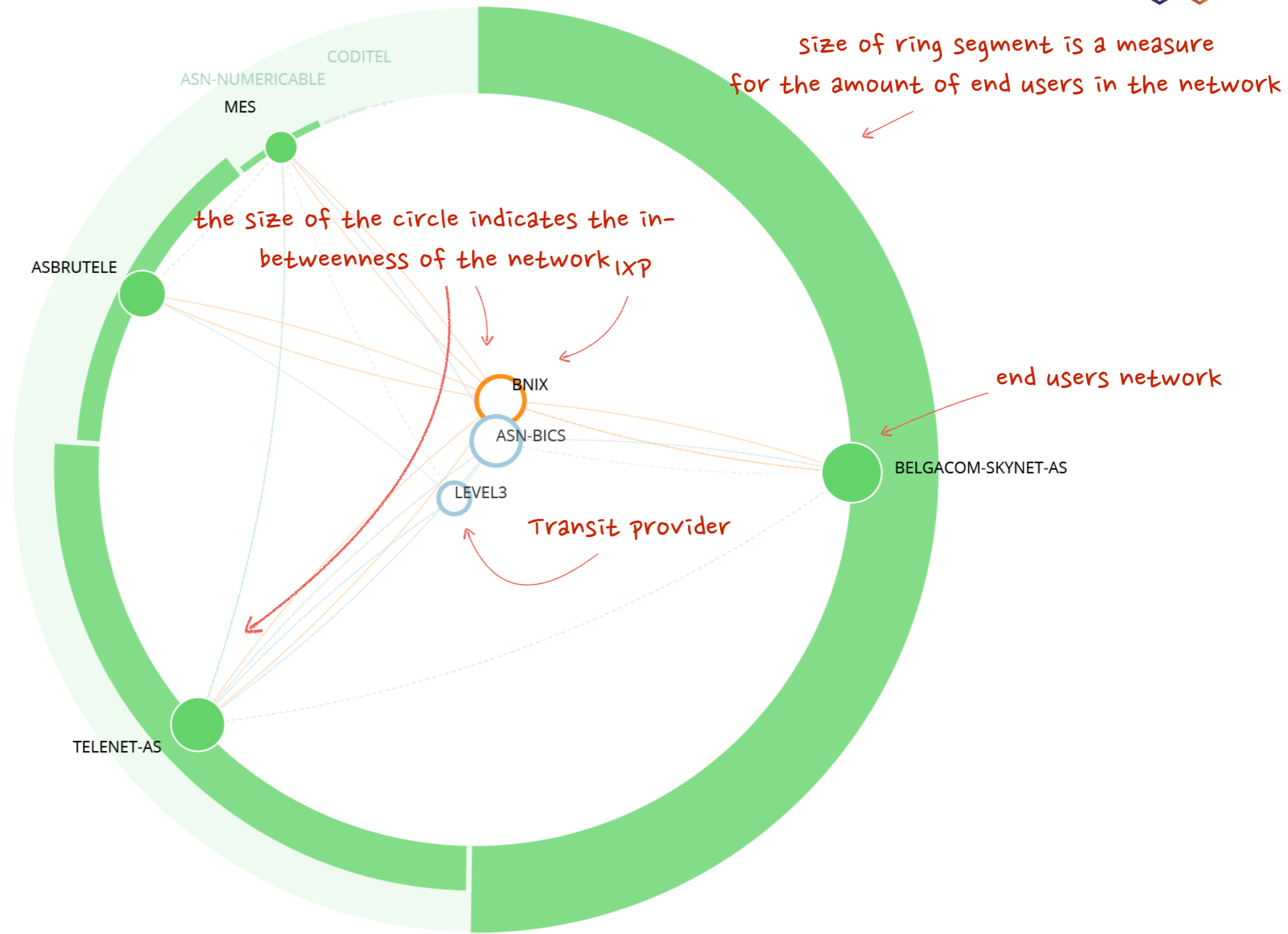




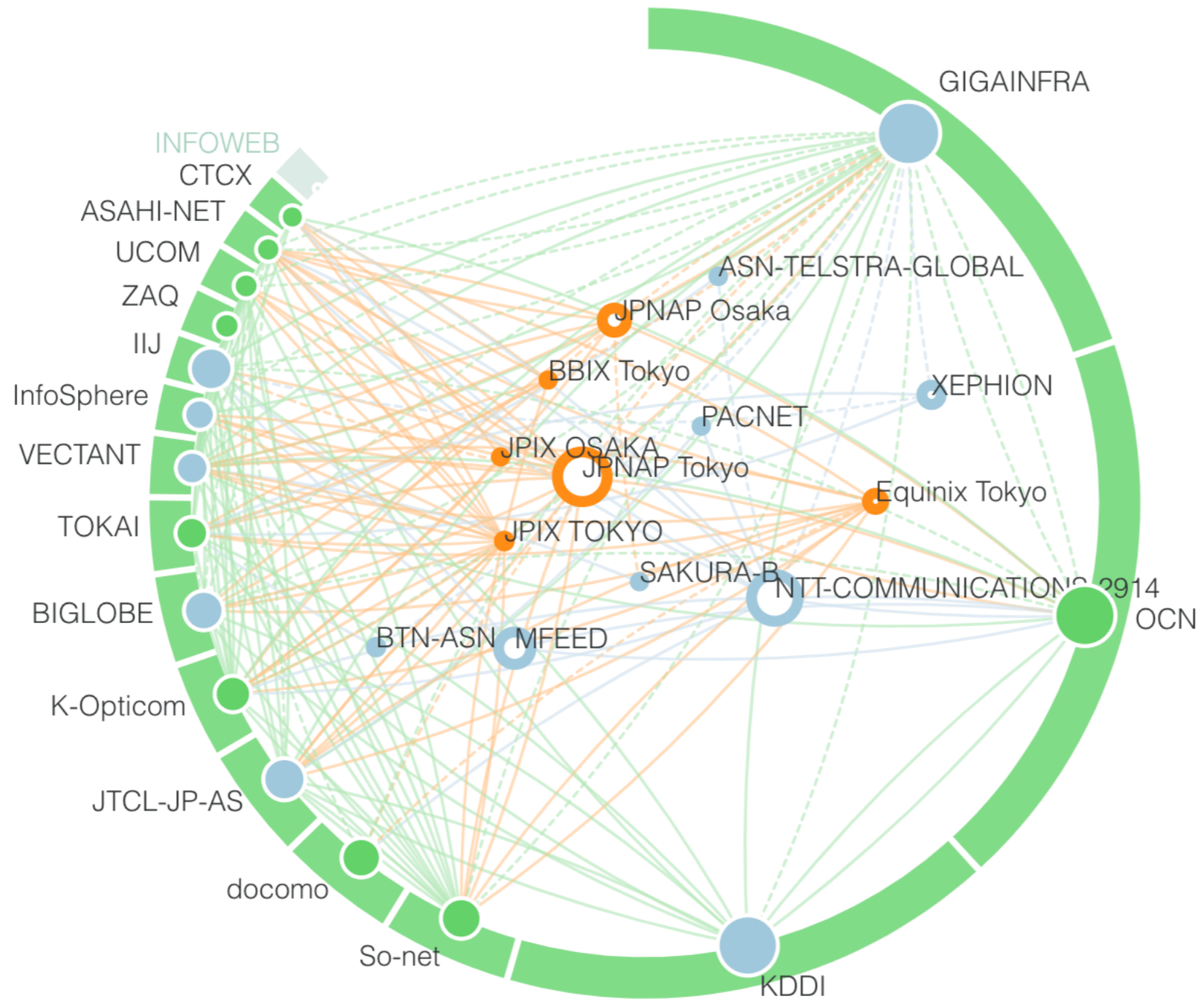
# How Are End Users Interconnected?



Belgium



# How Are End User Interconnected?



<http://sg-pub.ripe.net/ixp-country-jedi/jp/2018/10/01>



# **RIPE Atlas: Ethics in Measurement**

# Ethical Design Decisions



- Low, cheap barrier of entry
- Active measurements only
  - No passive measurements
  - Probes do not observe user traffic
- Data, API, source code, tools: free and open
- Set of measurement types limited
  - In order to prevent putting probe hosts at risk

<https://www.ripe.net/about-us/press-centre/publications/presentations/2017/ethics-in-technology-nluug-najaar-2017>

<https://fosdem.org/2017/interviews/vesna-manojlovic/>



# Ongoing Moral Dilemmas

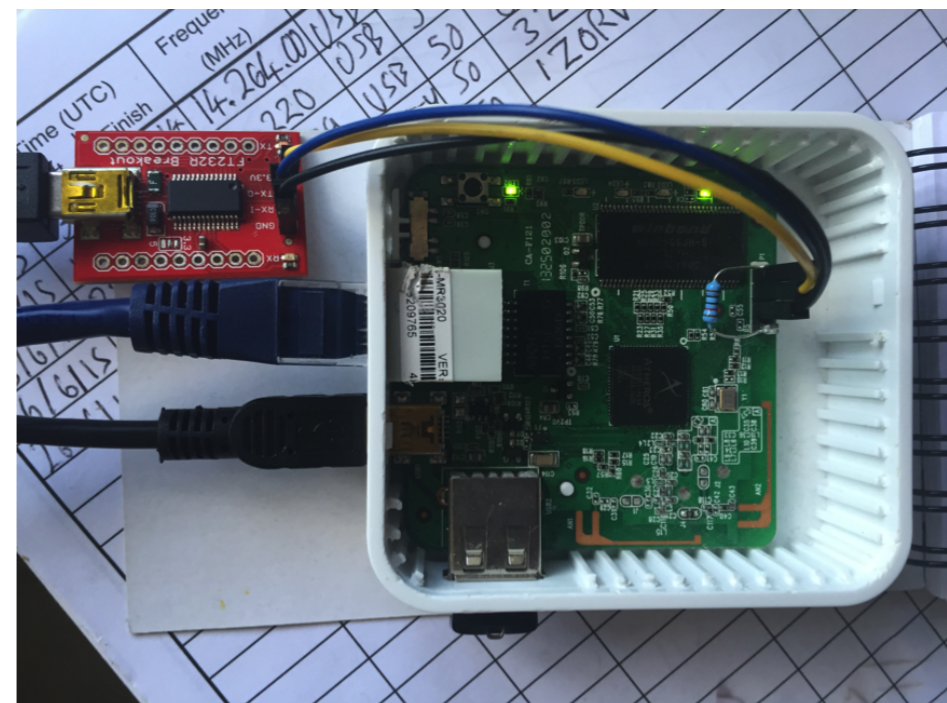
- 2013: Opening-up source code
- 2014: Keeping “non-public” measurements
- 2015: Not allowing HTTP measurements to random targets
- 2016: Security audit and pen-testing



# Strong Community Involvement



- Active mailing list ([ripe-atlas@ripe.net](mailto:ripe-atlas@ripe.net))
  - Passionate discussions
- HTTP measurements only towards RIPE Atlas anchors
  - <https://labs.ripe.net/Members/kistel/ethics-of-ripe-atlas-measurements>
- Responsible disclosure (bug reports)





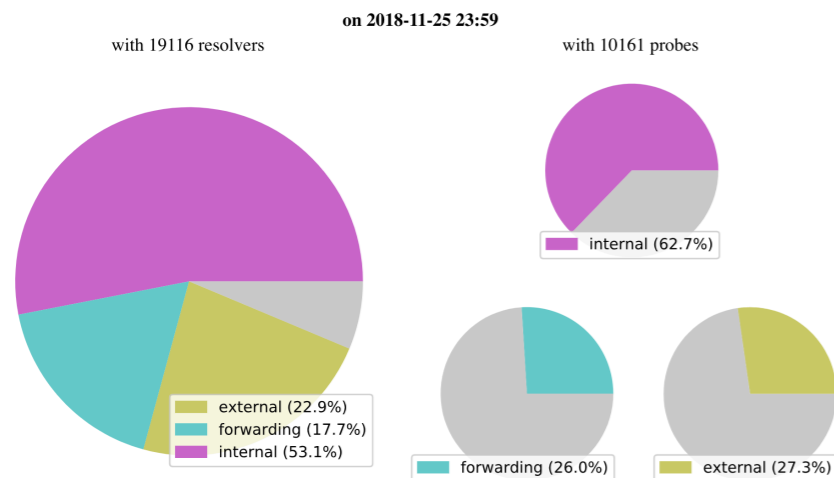
# **RIPE Atlas: DNS Characterisation**

Willem Toorop

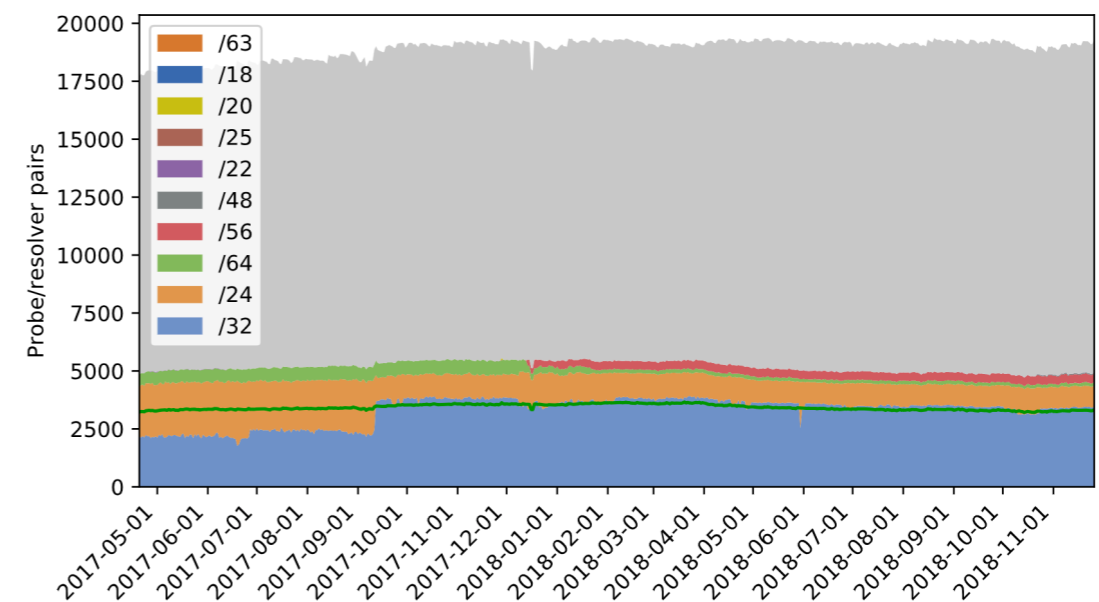
# Opportunity: DNS resolution



- NLNetLabs project: DNSThought
- Started at a hackathon we organised



Top EDNS Client Subnet masks



<https://indico.dns-oarc.net/event/29/contributions/654/attachments/633/1041/dnsthought-oarc29.pdf>

<https://dnsthought.nlnetlabs.nl/>



# **RIPE RIS: Zombie Routes?**

Collaborator: Romain Fontugne

# Challenge: Is A Route Withdrawn?



- Zombie Routes: Routing table entries for routes that are withdrawn from origin

 **Bert Hubert/PowerDNS**  
@PowerDNS\_Bert [Follow](#)

After 3072 hours of manipulating BGP,  
[@JobSnijders](#) has succeeded in drawing a  
Nyancat on the RIPE statmon interface.  
[tinyurl.com/nyancatbgp](http://tinyurl.com/nyancatbgp)



Retweets **1,420** Likes **1,663**

9:39 AM - 23 Jun 2017

20 1.4K 1.7K

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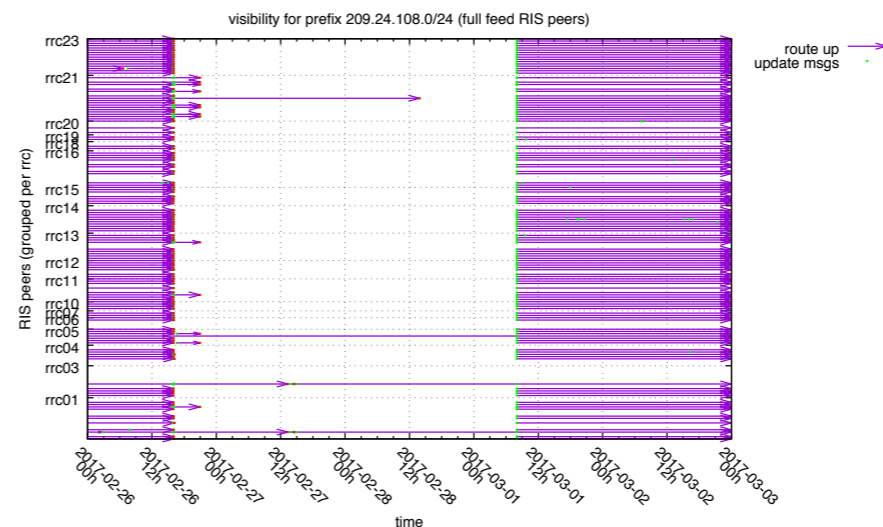
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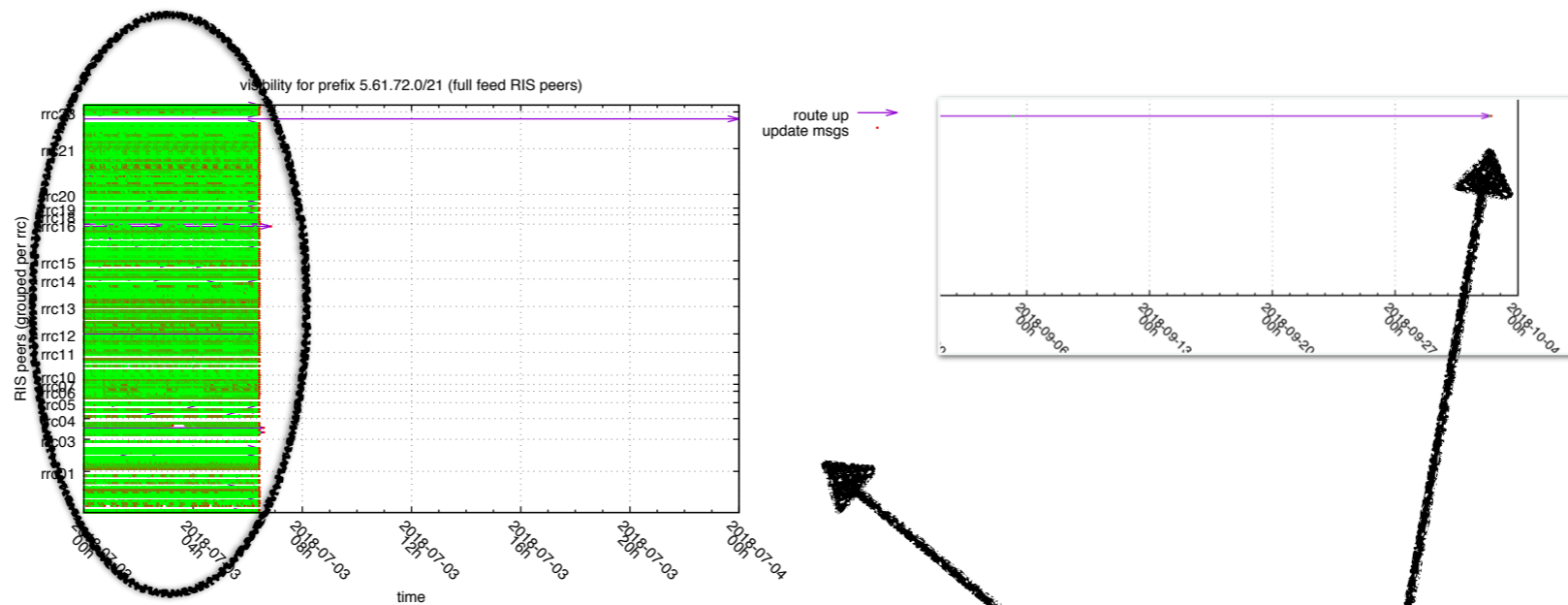
9:39 AM - 23 Jun 2017

20 1.4K 1.7K





# Example: Long Lived



Tons of BGP updates      3 Months!  
Route totally withdrawn only after  
manual intervention

Confusing if you want to know: Is this routed publicly?

# BGP Beacons

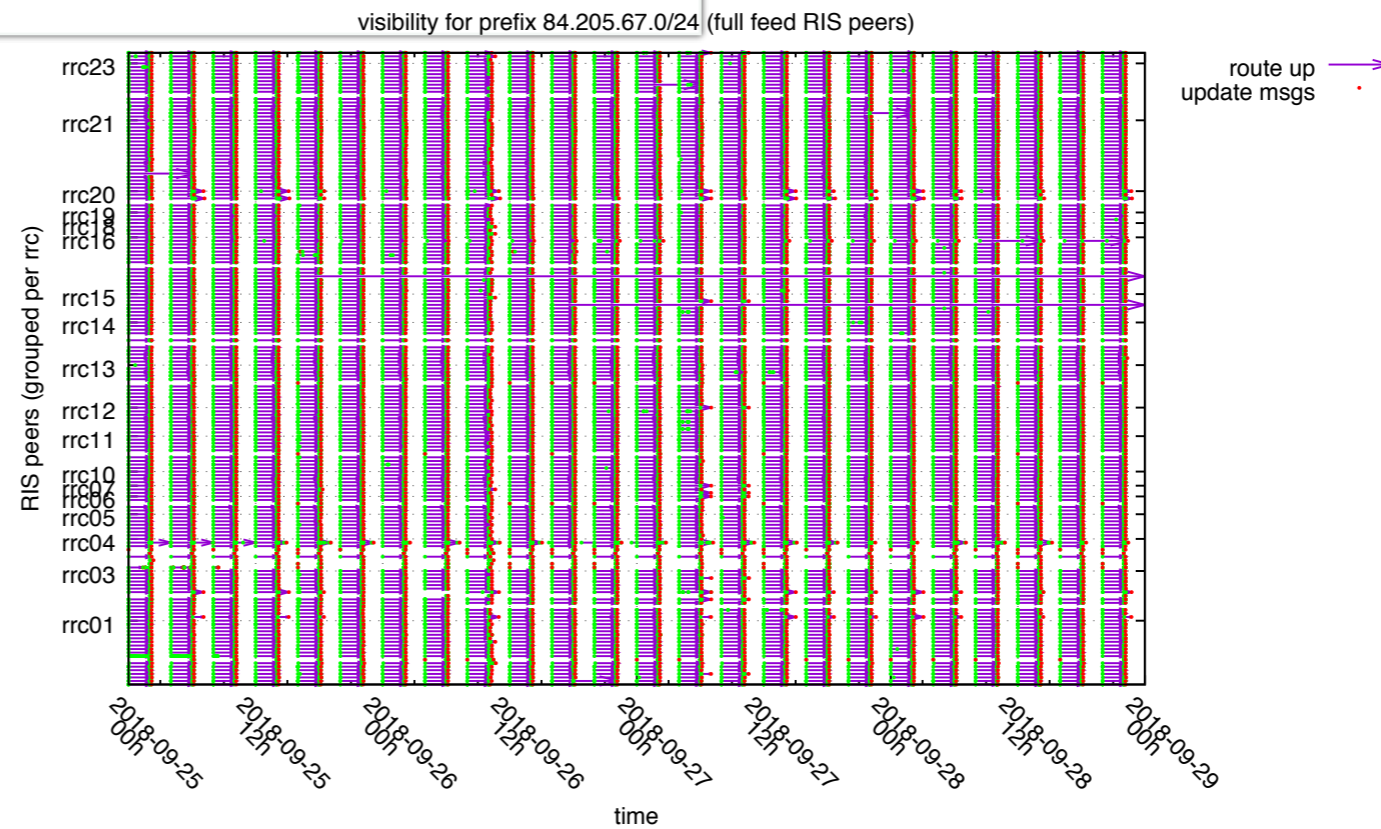


## Current RIS Routing Beacons

**Note:** IPv6 beacons and anchors are now being announced from the RRCs. See below for details.

All RRCs:

- Announcements at 00:00, 04:00, 08:00, 12:00, 16:00, 20:00 (UTC)
- Withdrawals at 02:00, 06:00, 10:00, 14:00, 18:00, 22:00 (UTC)



# BGP Beacons

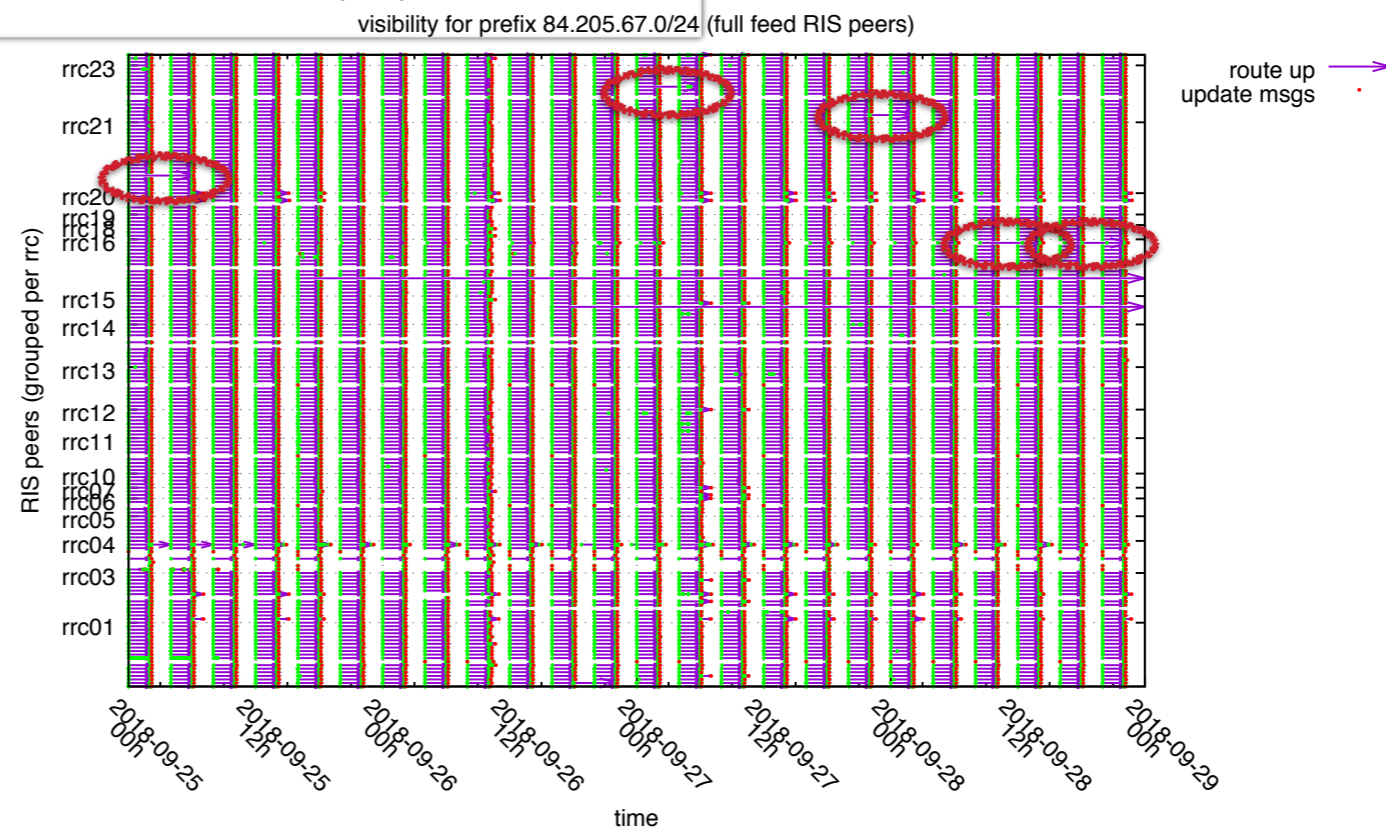


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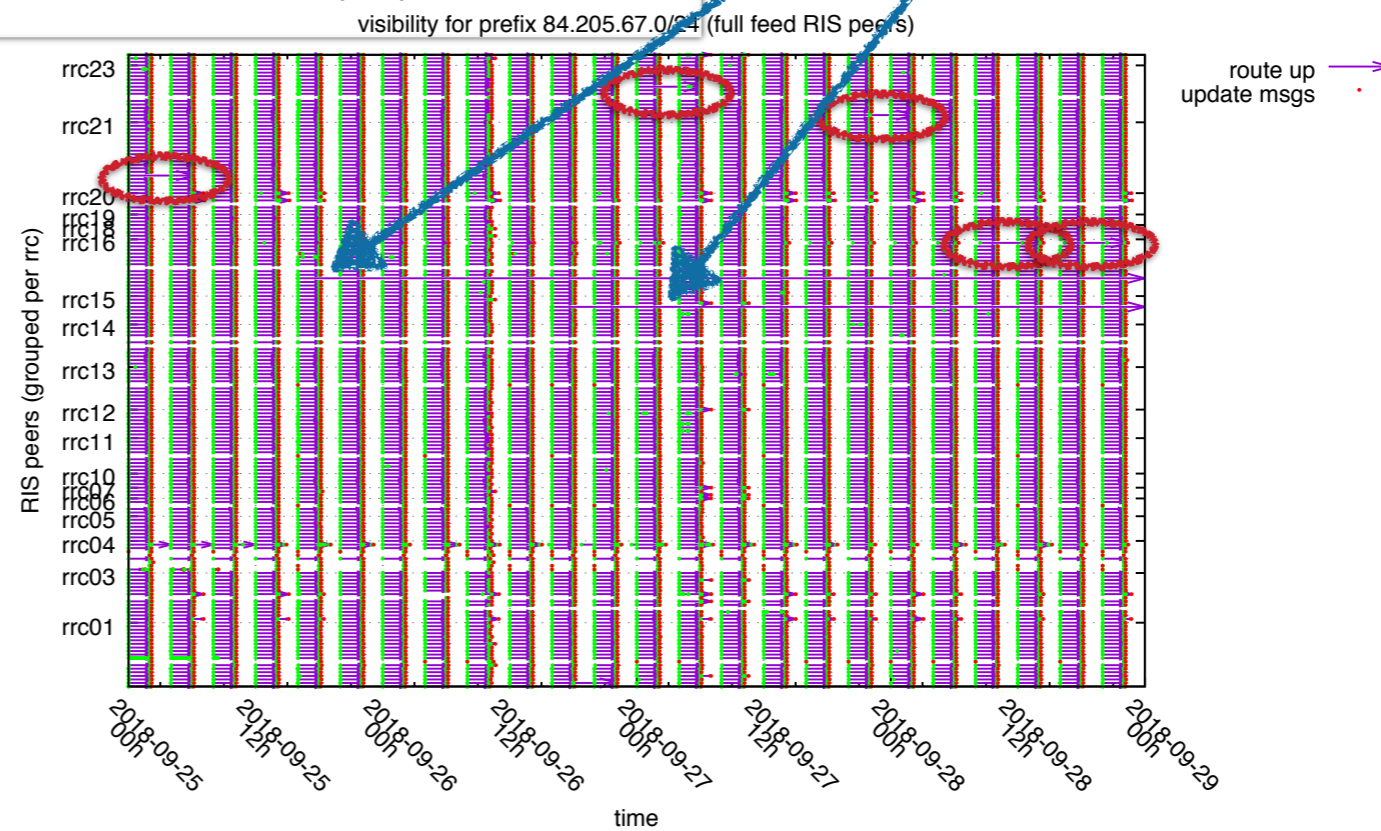


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# BGP Zombies Conclusions



- Made us look hard and long at our infrastructure
- Existence is commonly known among netops
  - Hard to debug
- One vendor identified by operator, but needs proof of incorrect behaviour

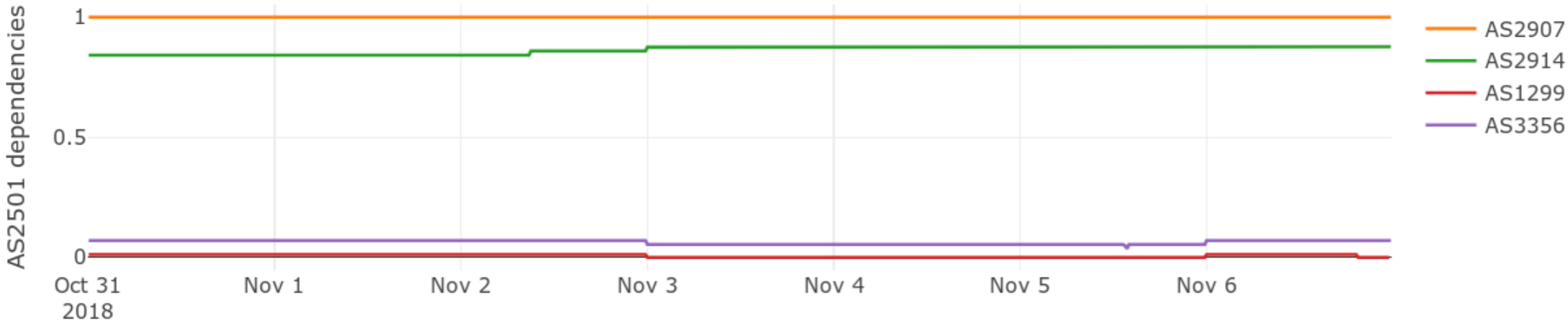
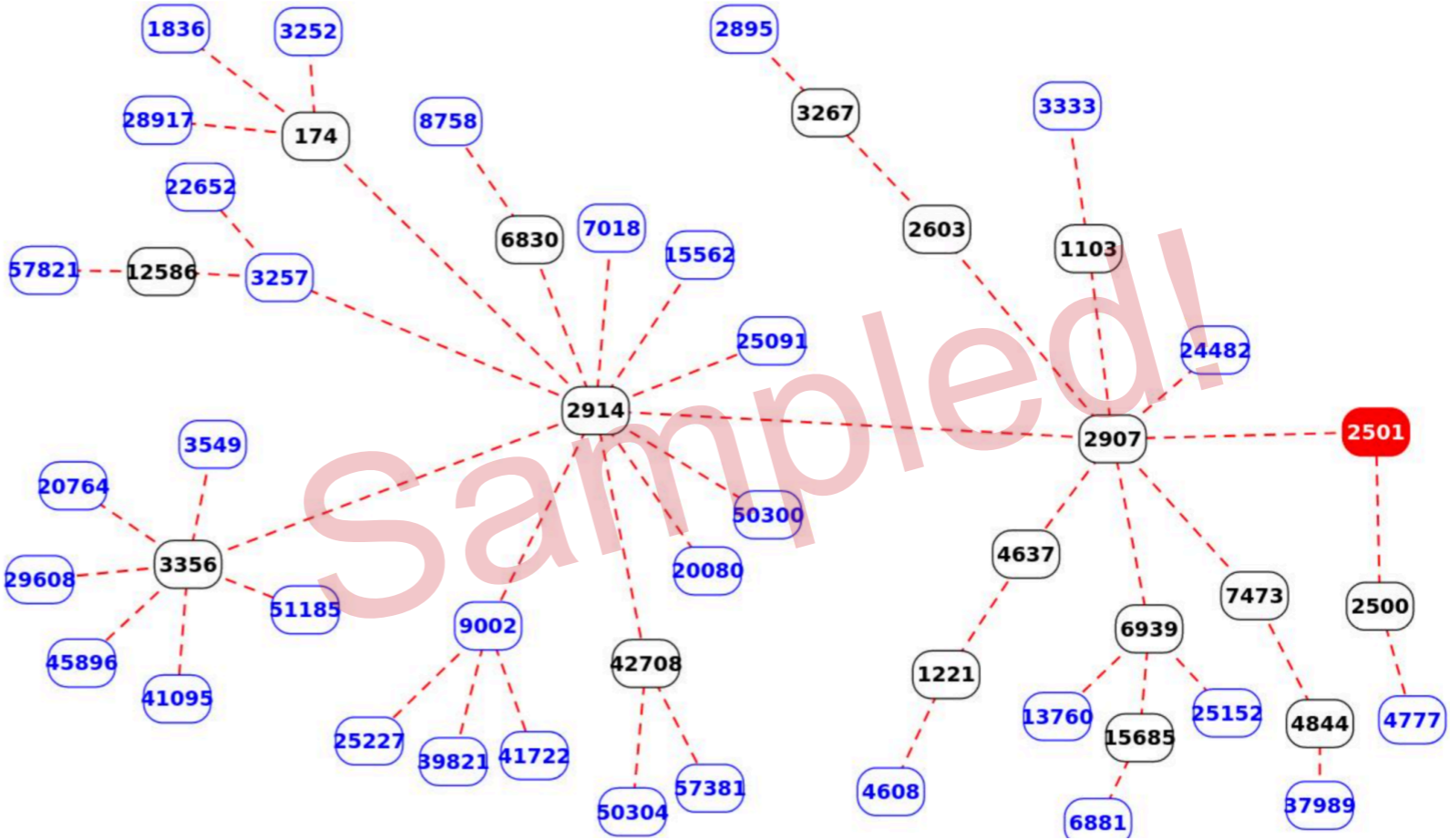
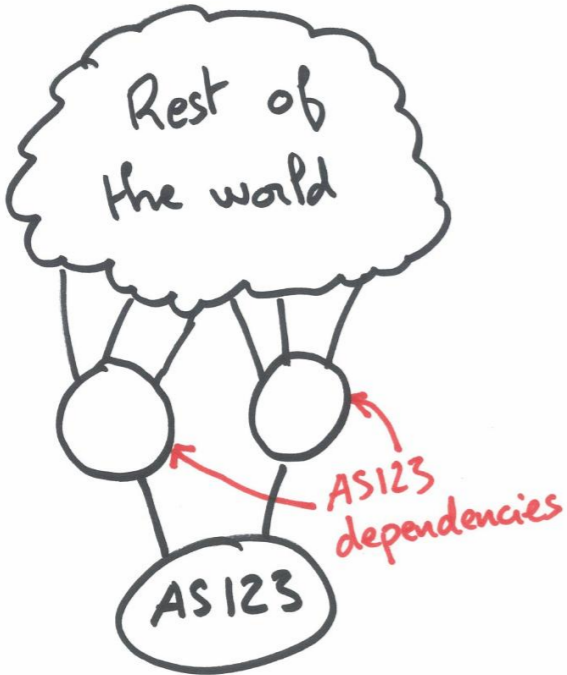




# **RIPE RIS: Bias?**

Collaborator: Romain Fontugne

# How Important is network X for you?

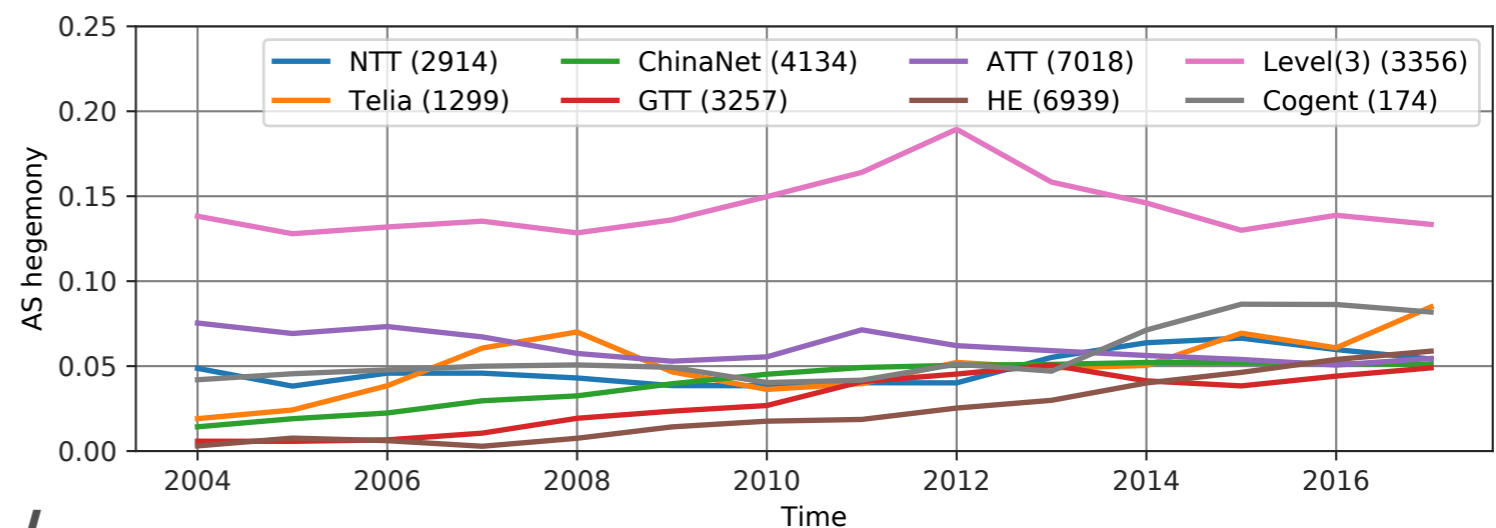
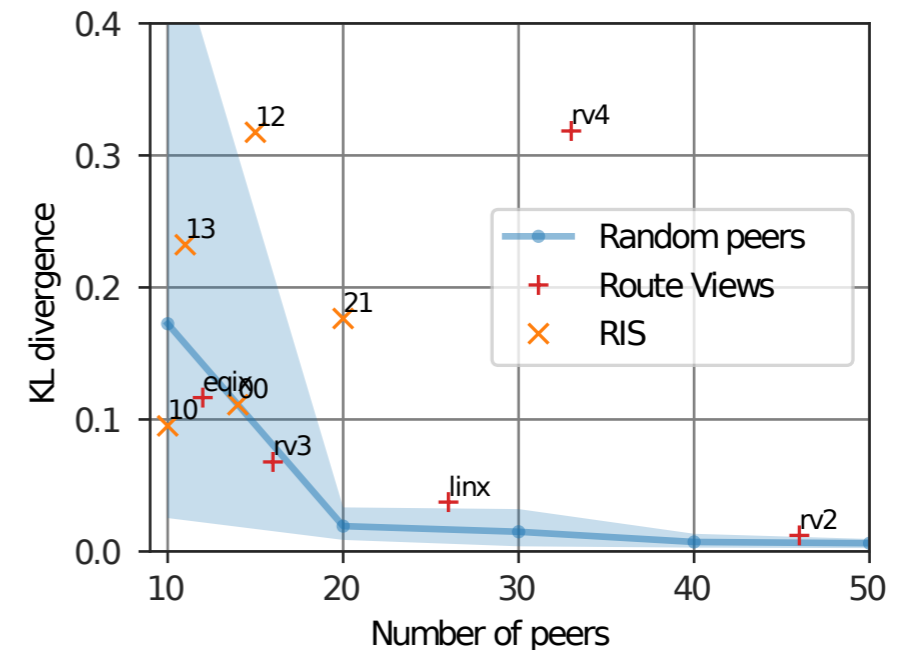
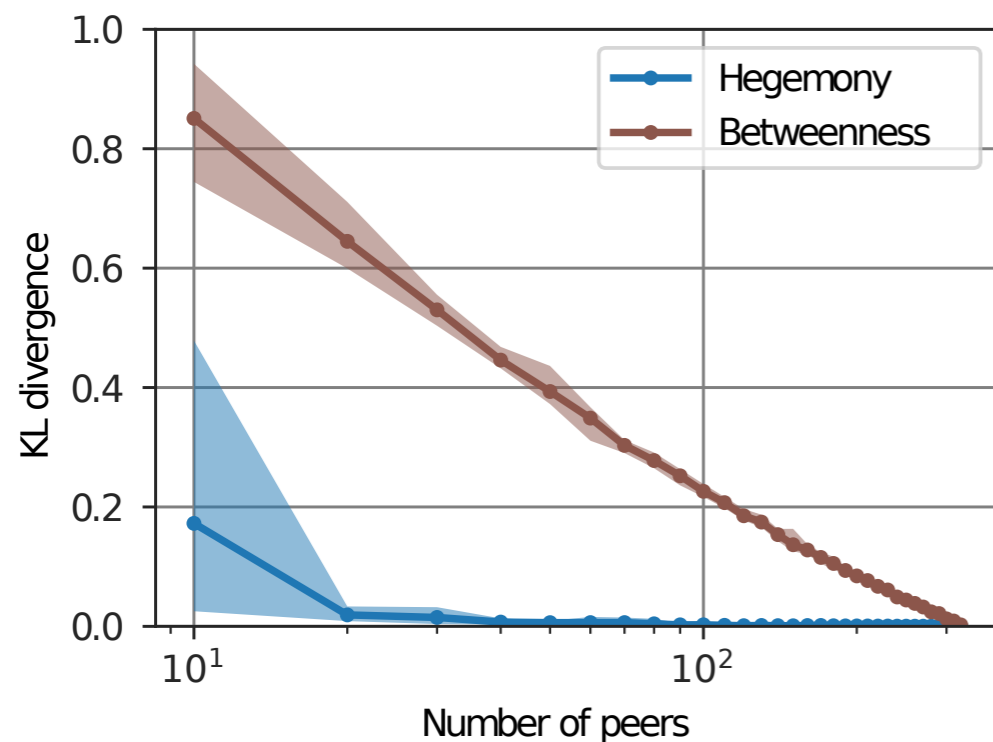


# Counter Bias with AS Hegemony



- Remove bias with trimmed averaging

- “AS Hegemony” scores



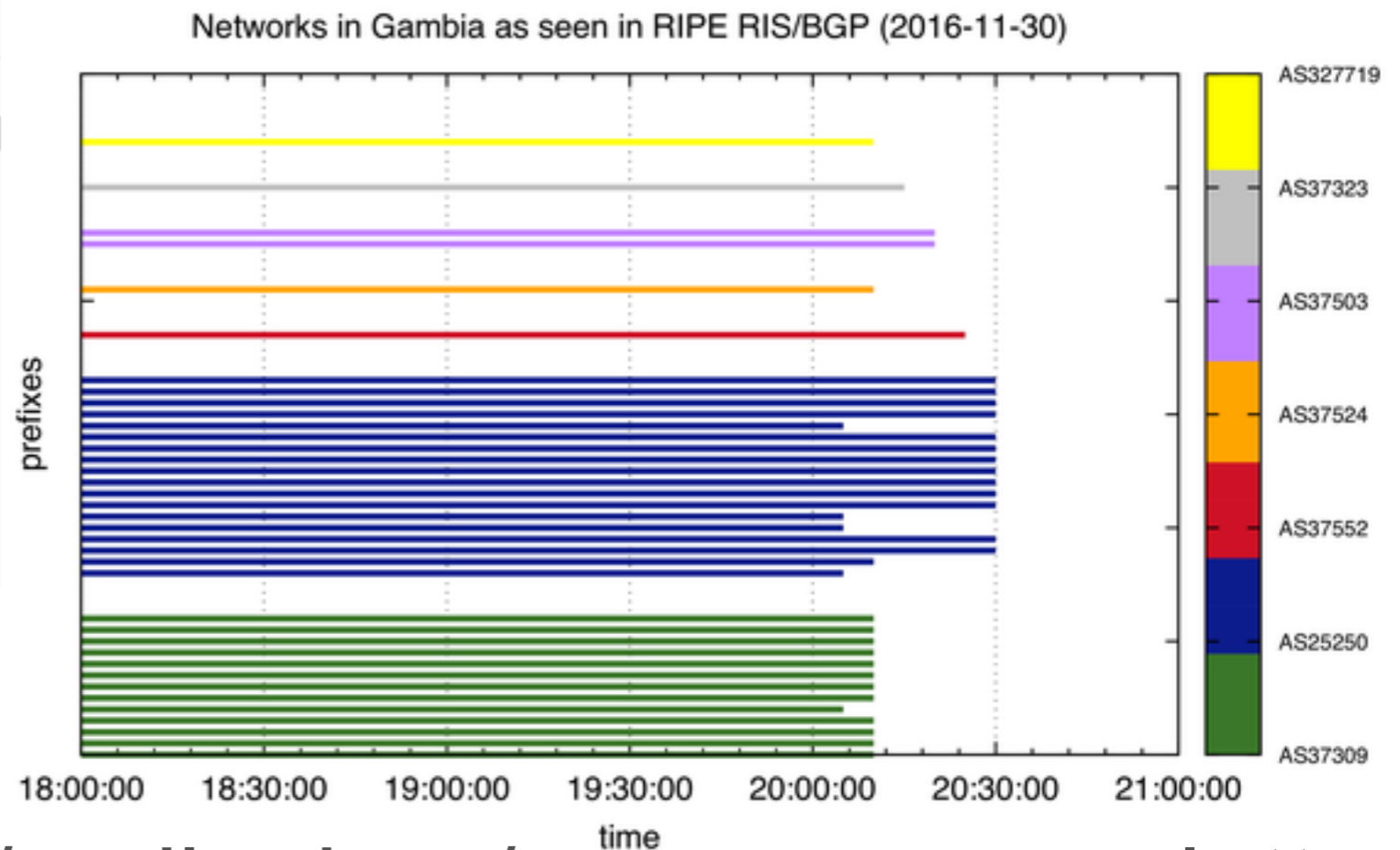
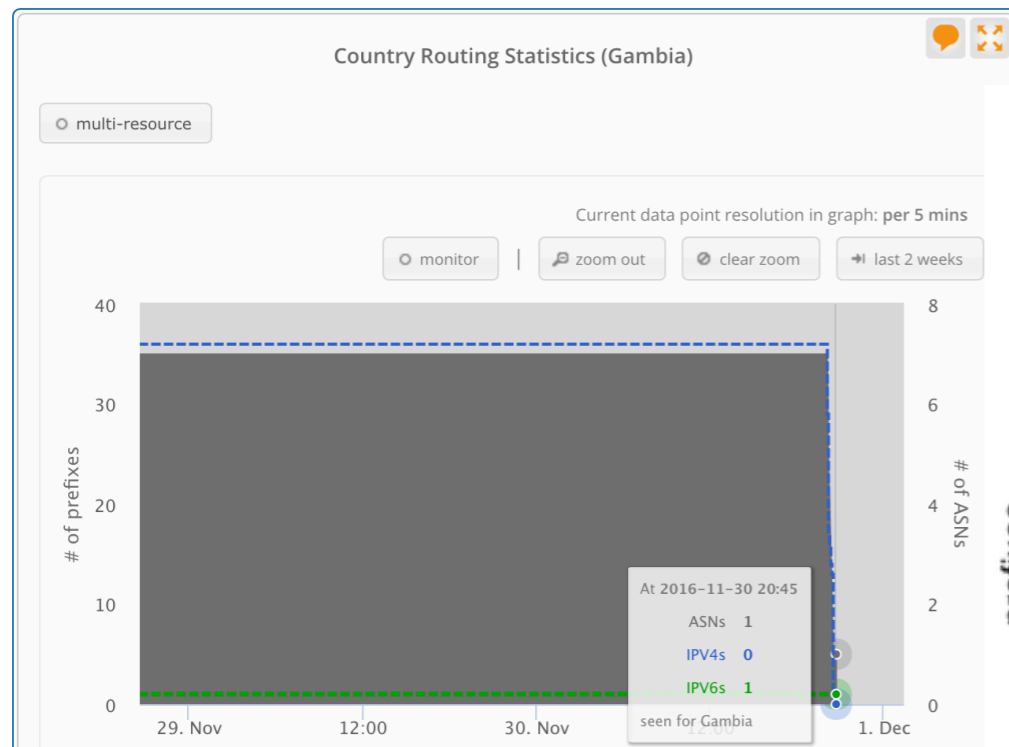
<https://ihr.iijlab.net/ihr/>



# RIPE RIS: Outages

Collaborator: Collin Anderson

# RIS Outage Detection

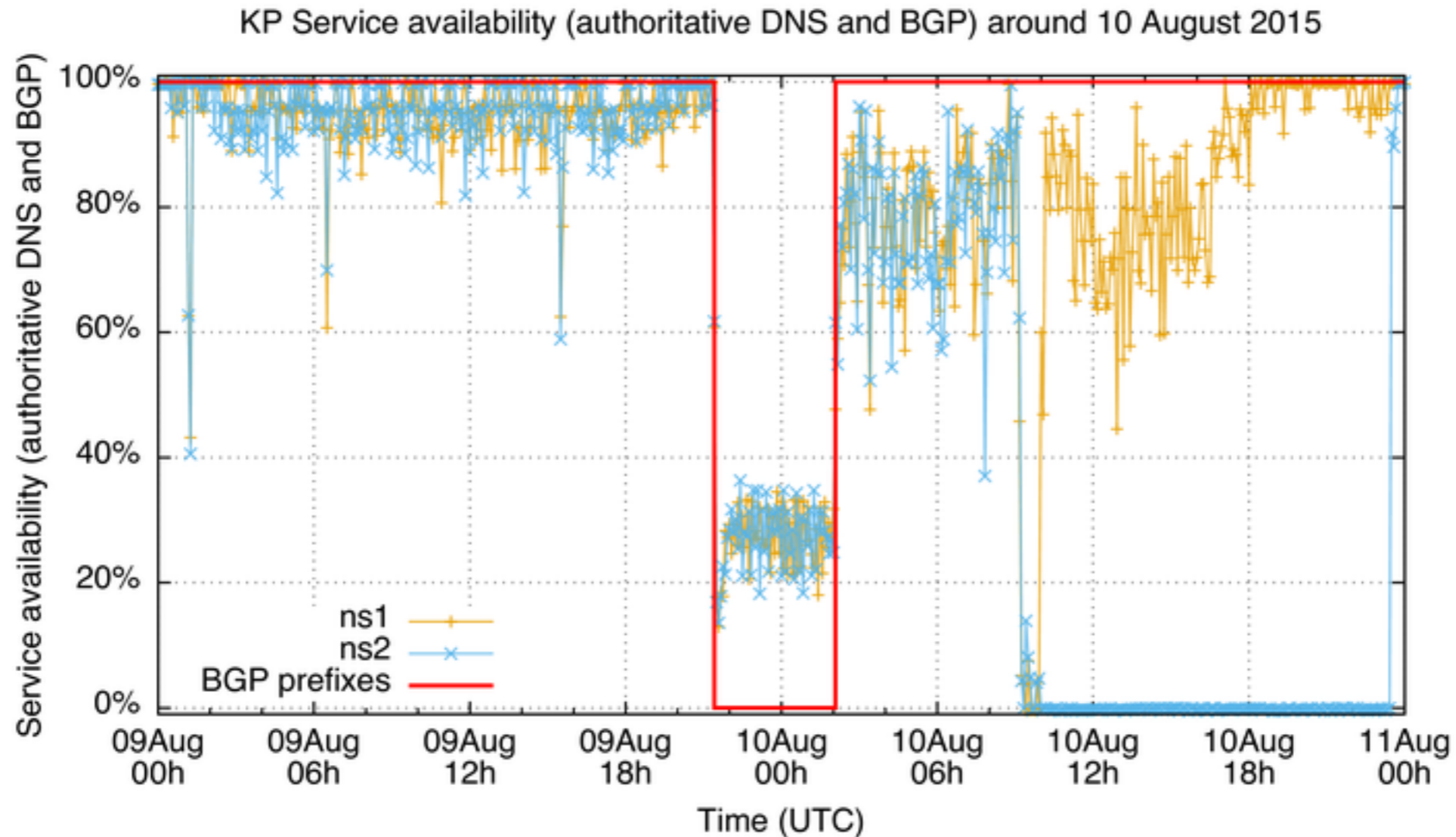


<https://github.com/emileaben/resource-gnuplotter>

<https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/internet-access-disruption-in-the-gambia-2016>



# Even better: Combine with Atlas!



<https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/the-internet-in-north-korea-hanging-by-a-single-thread>



# **RIPE RIS: Tracking Technology Deployment**

# Longitudinal view



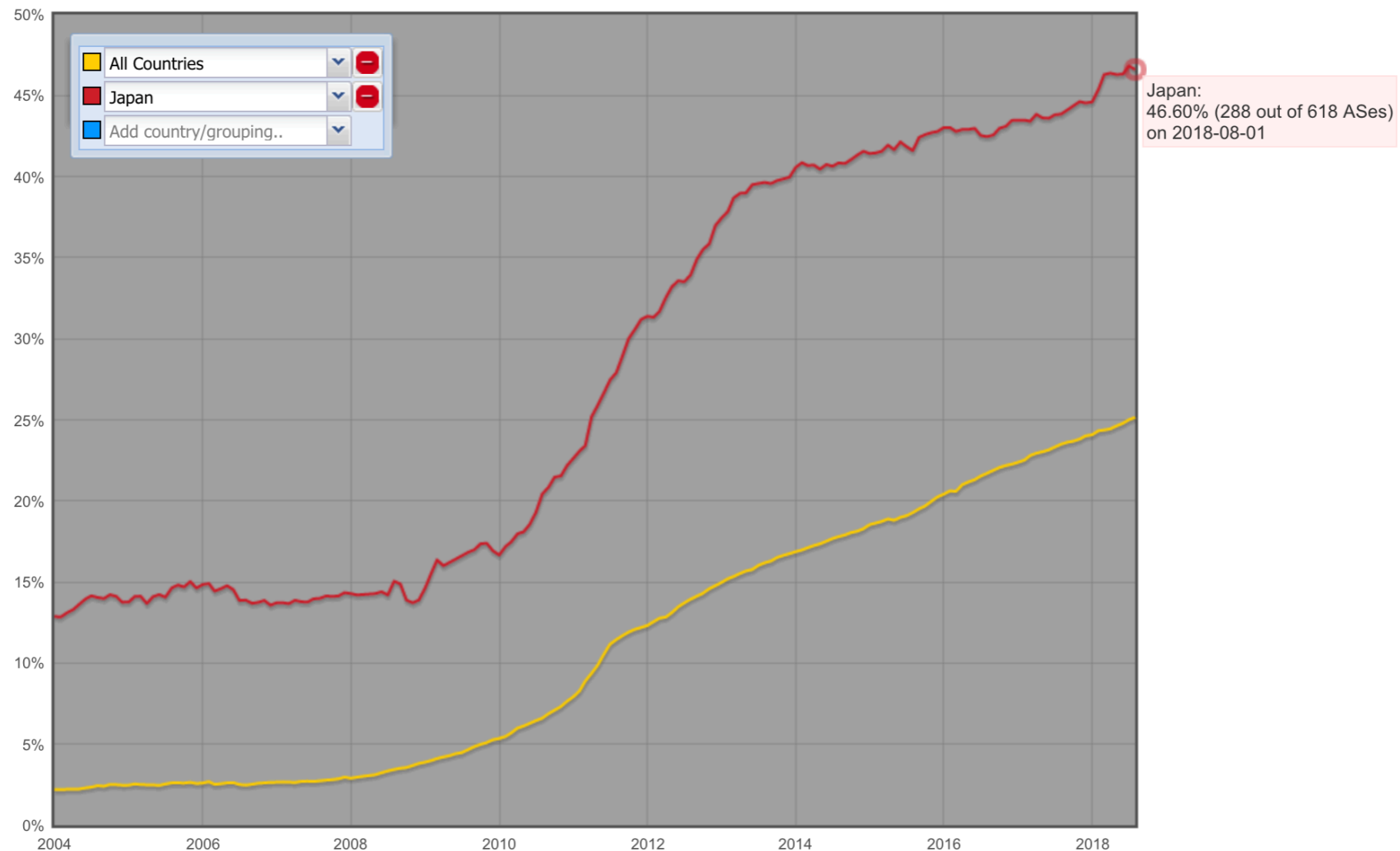
- Tracking IPv6: <https://v6asns.ripe.net/>



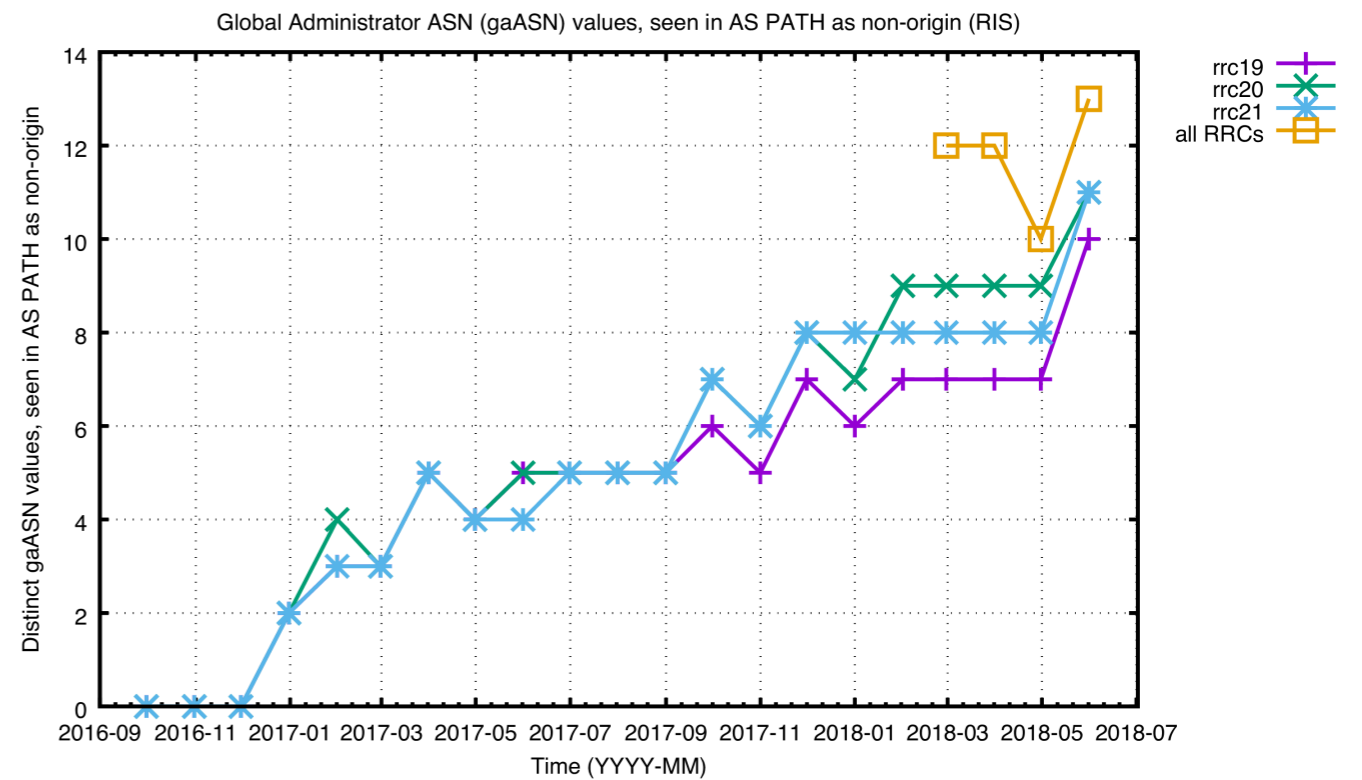
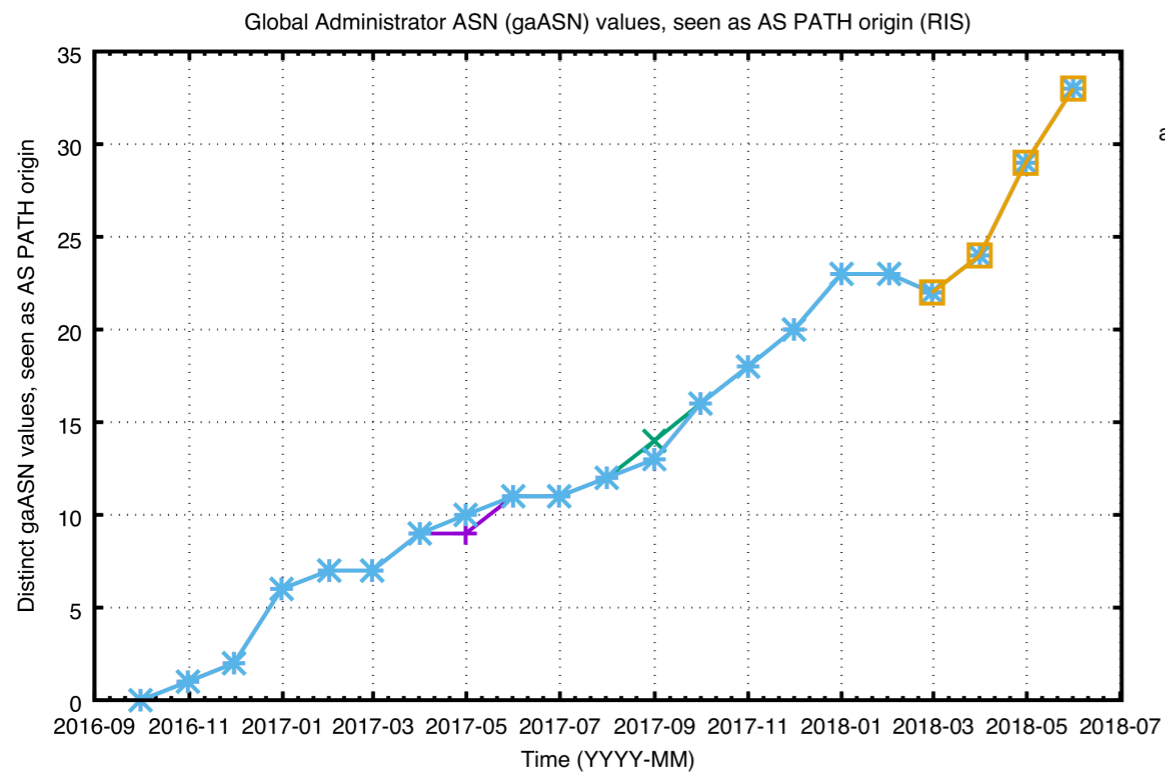
## IPv6 Enabled Networks

permalink: [http://v6asns.ripe.net/v/6?s=\\_ALL;s=JP](http://v6asns.ripe.net/v/6?s=_ALL;s=JP)

This graph shows the percentage of networks (ASes) that announce an IPv6 prefix for a specified list of countries or groups of countries



# Tracking Large BGP Communities



<https://labs.ripe.net/Members/emileaben/bgp-large-communities-uptake-by-the-community-at-large>



**But ... The Main  
Challenge/Opportunity?**

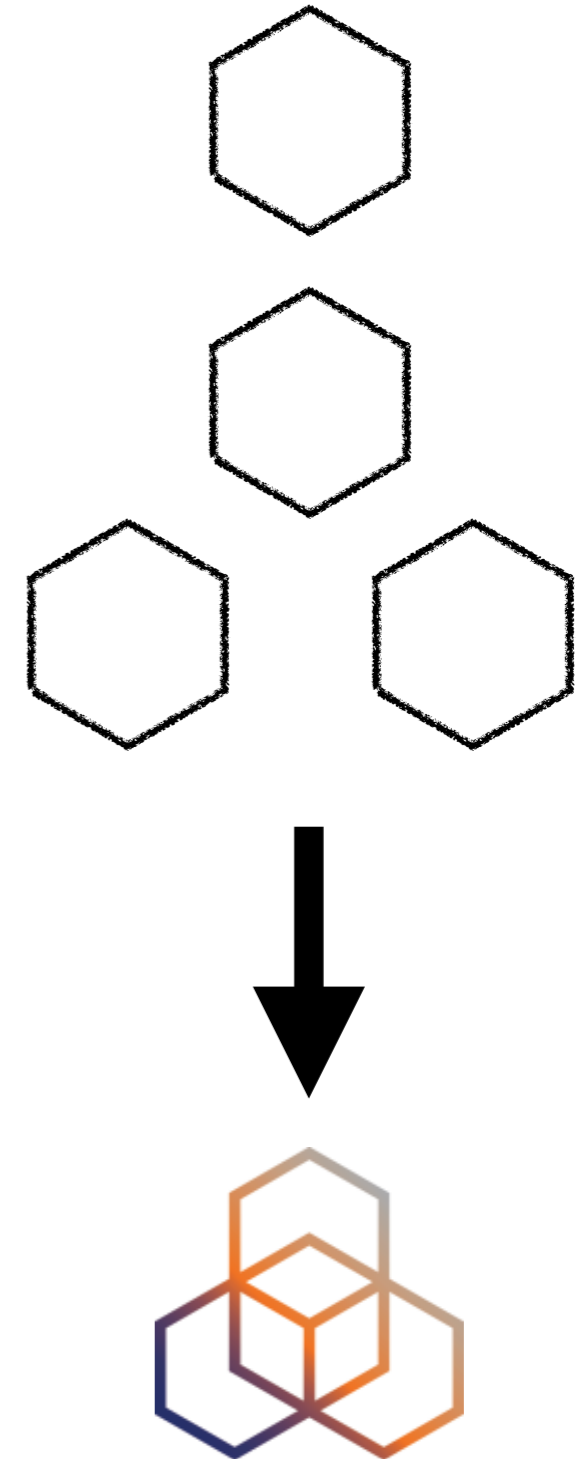


# Main Challenge/Opportunity



- Many challenges and opportunities around RIPE Atlas and RIPE RIS
- Main Opportunity:  

## Collaboration
- We are open to collaborate



# Collaboration Possibilities



- We can help:
  - Understand/analyse data
  - Schedule (large scale) measurements
  - Collaborate on projects
- Open Code (Github) / Open Data
- Communication with Internet community
  - <https://labs.ripe.net/> / RIPE meetings / RACI
- Hackathons: <https://labs.ripe.net/hackathons>
- Students/Internships



# Questions

[emile.aben@ripe.net](mailto:emile.aben@ripe.net)

← not a typo

twitter: [@meileaben](https://twitter.com/meileaben)

mastodon: [@meileaben@vis.social](https://mastodon.social/@meileaben)

← not a typo